



# RI TRANSPARENCY REPORT 2020

# FIM Asset Management





An investor initiative in partnership with UNEP Finance Initiative and UN Global Compact

# About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework is a key step in the journey towards building a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment (RI) activities. This RI Transparency Report is one of the key outputs of this Framework. Its primary objective is to enable signatory transparency on RI activities and facilitate dialogue between investors and their clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders. A copy of this report will be publicly disclosed for all reporting signatories on the <u>PRI website</u>, ensuring accountability of the PRI Initiative and its signatories.

This report is an export of the individual Signatory organisation's response to the PRI during the 2020 reporting cycle. It includes their responses to mandatory indicators, as well as responses to voluntary indicators the signatory has agreed to make public. The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offers a response option that is multiple-choice, all options that were available to the signatory to select are presented in this report. Presenting the information exactly as reported is a result of signatory feedback which suggested the PRI not summarise the information. As a result, the reports can be extensive. However, to help easily locate information, there is a **Principles index** which highlights where the information can be found and summarises the indicators that signatories complete and disclose.

# Understanding the Principles Index

The Principles Index summarises the response status for the individual indicators and modules and shows how these relate to the six <u>Principles for Responsible Investment</u>. It can be used by stakeholders as an 'at-a-glance' summary of reported information and to identify particular themes or areas of interest.

Indicators can refer to one or more Principles. Some indicators are not specific to any Principle. These are highlighted in the 'General' column. When multiple Principles are covered across numerous indicators, in order to avoid repetition, only the main Principle covered is highlighted.

All indicators within a module are presented below. The status of indicators is shown with the following symbols:

Symbol	Status
×	The signatory has completed all mandatory parts of this indicator
Ø	The signatory has completed some parts of this indicator
۵	This indicator was not relevant for this signatory
-	The signatory did not complete any part of this indicator
ß	The signatory has flagged this indicator for internal review

Within the table, indicators marked in blue are mandatory to complete. Indicators marked in grey are voluntary to complete.

1



Principles Index



Organisa	Organisational Overview									General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
OO TG		8	n/a							
OO 01	Signatory category and services	~	Public							✓
OO 02	Headquarters and operational countries	1	Public							✓
OO 03	Subsidiaries that are separate PRI signatories									~
OO 04	Reporting year and AUM	1	Public							✓
OO 05	Breakdown of AUM by asset class	~	Asset mix disclosed in OO 06							~
OO 06	How would you like to disclose your asset class mix	1	Public							×
00 07	Fixed income AUM breakdown	✓	Public							✓
80 OO	Segregated mandates or pooled funds	✓	Private							✓
OO 09	Breakdown of AUM by market	1	Public							✓
OO 10	Active ownership practices for listed assets	~	Public							~
00 11	ESG incorporation practices for all assets	✓	Public							✓
00 12	Modules and sections required to complete	1	Public							✓
OO LE 01	Breakdown of listed equity investments by passive and active strategies	~	Public							✓
OO LE 02	Reporting on strategies that are <10% of actively managed listed equities	~	Public							×
OO FI 01	Breakdown of fixed income investments by passive and active strategies	~	Public							×
OO FI 02	Reporting on strategies that are <10% of actively managed fixed income	₿	n/a							×
OO FI 03	Fixed income breakdown by market and credit quality	✓	Public							<b>v</b>
OO SAM 01	Breakdown of externally managed investments by passive and active strategies	1	Public							✓
OO PE 01	Breakdown of private equity investments by strategy	8	n/a							✓
OO PE 02	Typical level of ownership in private equity investments	₽	n/a							✓
OO PR 01	Breakdown of property investments	1	Public							×
OO PR 02	Breakdown of property assets by management	✓	Public							×
OO PR 03	Largest property types	✓	Public							×
OO INF 01	Breakdown of infrastructure investments	₿	n/a					×		
OO INF 02	Breakdown of infrastructure assets by management	₽	n/a							~
OO INF 03	Largest infrastructure sectors	₿	n/a			~				
OO HF 01	Breakdown of hedge funds investments by strategies	₿	n/a					~		
OO End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							



CCStrate	CCStrategy and Governance									General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
SG 01	RI policy and coverage	✓	Public							✓
SG 01 CC	Climate risk	✓	Public							✓
SG 02	Publicly available RI policy or guidance documents	1	Public						~	
SG 03	Conflicts of interest	✓	Public							✓
SG 04	Identifying incidents occurring within portfolios	~	Public							~
SG 05	RI goals and objectives	✓	Public							✓
SG 06	Main goals/objectives this year	1	Private	1						✓
SG 07	RI roles and responsibilities	1	Public	1						✓
SG 07 CC	Climate-issues roles and responsibilities	1	Public							✓
SG 08	RI in performance management, reward and/or personal development	1	Private							~
SG 09	Collaborative organisations / initiatives	✓	Public				<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		
SG 09.2	Assets managed by PRI signatories	✓	Public	✓						
SG 10	Promoting RI independently	✓	Public				<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			
SG 11	Dialogue with public policy makers or standard setters	~	Private				~	~	~	
SG 12	Role of investment consultants/fiduciary managers	~	Public				~			
SG 13	ESG issues in strategic asset allocation	✓	Public	✓						
SG 13 CC		₿	n/a							✓
SG 14	Long term investment risks and opportunity	~	Public	~						
SG 14 CC		✓	Public							✓
SG 15	Allocation of assets to environmental and social themed areas	1	Public	~						
SG 16	ESG issues for internally managed assets not reported in framework	✓	Public							✓
SG 17	ESG issues for externally managed assets not reported in framework	1	Public							✓
SG 18	Innovative features of approach to RI	✓	Public						✓	
SG 19	Communication	✓	Public		✓				~	
SG End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							



Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation								le		General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
LEI 01	Percentage of each incorporation strategy	1	Public	~						
LEI 02	Type of ESG information used in investment decision	•	Private	~						
LEI 03	Information from engagement and/or voting used in investment decision- making	~	Private	~						
LEI 04	Types of screening applied	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
LEI 05	Processes to ensure screening is based on robust analysis	~	Public	~						
LEI 06	Processes to ensure fund criteria are not breached	~	Private	~						
LEI 07	Types of sustainability thematic funds/mandates	•	n/a	~						
LEI 08	Review ESG issues while researching companies/sectors	~	Public	~						
LEI 09	Processes to ensure integration is based on robust analysis	~	Public	~						
LEI 10	Aspects of analysis ESG information is integrated into	~	Private	~						
LEI 11	ESG issues in index construction	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
LEI 12	How ESG incorporation has influenced portfolio composition	1	Private	~	✓					
LEI 13	Examples of ESG issues that affected your investment view / performance	1	Private	~	✓					
LEI End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							



Direct -	Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership									General
Indicator	Short description	Status Disclosure		1	2	3	4	5	6	
LEA 01	Description of approach to engagement	✓	Public		✓					
LEA 02	Reasoning for interaction on ESG issues	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	~	✓				
LEA 03	Process for identifying and prioritising engagement activities	~	Public		~					
LEA 04	Objectives for engagement activities	✓	Public		~					
LEA 05	Process for identifying and prioritising collaborative engagement	~	Public		~					
LEA 06	Role in engagement process	✓	Public		~		✓			
LEA 07	Share insights from engagements with internal/external managers	~	Private	~	~					
LEA 08	Tracking number of engagements	✓	Public		~					
LEA 09	Number of companies engaged with, intensity of engagement and effort	~	Private		~					
LEA 10	Engagement methods	✓	Private		~					
LEA 11	Examples of ESG engagements	✓	Private		~					
LEA 12	Typical approach to (proxy) voting decisions	~	Public		~					
LEA 13	Percentage of voting recommendations reviewed	8	n/a		~					
LEA 14	Securities lending programme	✓	Private		~					
LEA 15	Informing companies of the rationale of abstaining/voting against management	~	Public		~					
LEA 16	Informing companies of the rationale of abstaining/voting against management	~	Public		~					
LEA 17	Percentage of (proxy) votes cast	✓	Public		~					
LEA 18	Proportion of ballot items that were for/against/abstentions	~	Public		~					
LEA 19	Proportion of ballot items that were for/against/abstentions	1	Public		✓					
LEA 20	Shareholder resolutions	✓	Public	✓						
LEA 21	Examples of (proxy) voting activities	✓	Private	✓						
LEA End	Module confirmation page	✓	-							



Direct -		P		General						
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
FI 01	Incorporation strategies applied	✓	Public	✓						
FI 02	ESG issues and issuer research	✓	Private	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 03	Processes to ensure analysis is robust	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 04	Types of screening applied	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 05	Examples of ESG factors in screening process	1	Private	~						
FI 06	Screening - ensuring criteria are met	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 07	Thematic investing - overview	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 08	Thematic investing - themed bond processes	✓	Public	~	✓					
FI 09	Thematic investing - assessing impact	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 10	Integration overview	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 11	Integration - ESG information in investment processes	✓	Public	~						
FI 12	Integration - E,S and G issues reviewed	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 13	ESG incorporation in passive funds	8	n/a	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
FI 14	Engagement overview and coverage	✓	Private		✓					
FI 15	Engagement method	✓	Private	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓					
FI 16	Engagement policy disclosure	✓	Private	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓					
FI 17	Financial/ESG performance	✓	Private							✓
FI 18	Examples - ESG incorporation or engagement	1	Private	~	~					
FI End	Module confirmation page	1	-							



Direct -	Direct - Property									General
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6	
PR 01	Responsible Property Investment (RPI) policy	4	Public	~					~	
PR 02	Fund placement documents and RI	1	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			~		<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	
PR 03	Formal commitments to RI	1	Private				~			
PR 04	Incorporating ESG issues when selecting investments	~	Public	~						
PR 05	Types of ESG information considered in investment selection	~	Private	~		~				
PR 06	ESG issues impact in selection process	✓	Public	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>						
PR 07	ESG issues in selection, appointment and monitoring of third-party property managers	~	Public				~			
PR 08	ESG issues in post-investment activities	✓	Public		✓					
PR 09	Proportion of assets with ESG targets that were set and monitored	~	Public		~	~				
PR 10	Certification schemes, ratings and benchmarks	1	Private		~					
PR 11	Proportion of developments and refurbishments where ESG issues were considered	~	Public		~					
PR 12	Proportion of property occupiers that were engaged with	~	Public		~					
PR 13	Proportion of green leases or MOUs referencing ESG issues	1	Private		~					
PR 14	Proportion of assets engaged with on community issues	₽	n/a		~					
PR 15	ESG issues affected financial/ESG performance	~	Private	~	~					
PR 16	Examples of ESG issues that affected your property investments	-	n/a	~		~				
PR End	Module confirmation page	1	-							

Confider	Confidence building measures								Principle							
Indicator	Short description	Status	Disclosure	1	2	3	4	5	6							
CM1 01	Assurance, verification, or review	✓	Public							✓						
CM1 02	Assurance of last year`s PRI data	✓	Public							✓						
CM1 03	Other confidence building measures	✓	Public							✓						
CM1 04	Assurance of this year`s PRI data	✓	Public							✓						
CM1 05	External assurance	8	n/a							✓						
CM1 06	Assurance or internal audit	8	n/a							✓						
CM1 07	Internal verification	✓	Public							✓						
CM1 01 End	Module confirmation page	•	-													



# FIM Asset Management

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Organisational Overview** 

# **PRI disclaimer**

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



# **Basic information**

00 01	Mandatory	Public	Gateway/Peering	General

00 01.1

Select the services and funds you offer

Select the services and funds you offer	% of asset under management (AUM) in ranges
Fund management	0 0%
	○ <10%
	○ 10-50%
	● >50%
Fund of funds, manager of managers, sub-advised products	0%
	● <10%
	○ 10-50%
	○ >50%
Other	• 0%
	○ <10%
	○ 10-50%
	○ >50%
Total 100%	

Further options (may be selected in addition to the above)

□ Hedge funds

 $\hfill\square$  Fund of hedge funds

<b>O 0</b>	2	Man	datory	Public	Peering	General
	00 02	.1	Select the location of your organisa	tion's headquarters	).	
	Finland	d				
	00 02	.2	Indicate the number of countries in	which you have off	ices (including your headquarters	).
	• 1					
	○ 2-5					
	○ 6-10	C				
	○ >10	1				



	00 02	.3	Indicate the approximate number of	f staff in your organ	isation in full-time equivalents (F	TE).
			FTE			
	41					
00 0	3	Man	datory	Public	Descriptive	General
	00 03	.1	Indicate whether you have subsidia their own right.	ries within your org	anisation that are also PRI signa	tories in
	⊖ Yes ⊛ No	5				
00 0	4	Man	datory	Public	Gateway/Peering	General
	00 04	.1	Indicate the year end date for your	reporting year.		
	31/12/	2019				
	00.04	2	Indicate your total ALIM at the end	of your reporting ye	ar	

Include the AUM of subsidiaries, but exclude advisory/execution only assets, and exclude the assets of your PRI signatory subsidiaries that you have chosen not to report on in OO 03.2

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM		4	533	181	947
Currency	EUR				
Assets in USD		4	996	932	341

□ Not applicable as we are in the fund-raising process

$\mathbf{n}$	04	
	04	

Indicate the assets which are subject to an execution and/or advisory approach. Provide this figure based on the end of your reporting year

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM			34	503	255
Currency	EUR				
Assets in USD			38	032	983

□ Not applicable as we do not have any assets under execution and/or advisory approach



00	06	Mar	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General
	00 06	.1	Select how you would like to disclos	se your asset class	mix.	

# $\bigcirc$ as percentage breakdown

as broad ranges

	Internally managed (%)	Externally managed (%)
Listed equity	>50%	<10%
Fixed income	10-50%	<10%
Private equity	0	0
Property	10-50%	0
Infrastructure	0	0

1		
Commodities	0	0
Hedge funds	0	0
Fund of hedge funds	0	0
Forestry	<10%	0
Farmland	0	0
Inclusive finance	0	0
Cash	<10%	0
Money market instruments	<10%	0
Other (1), specify	0	<10%
Other (2), specify	0	0

#### OO 06.2

Publish asset class mix as per attached image [Optional].

**OO 06.3** Indicate whether your organisation has any off-balance sheet assets [Optional].

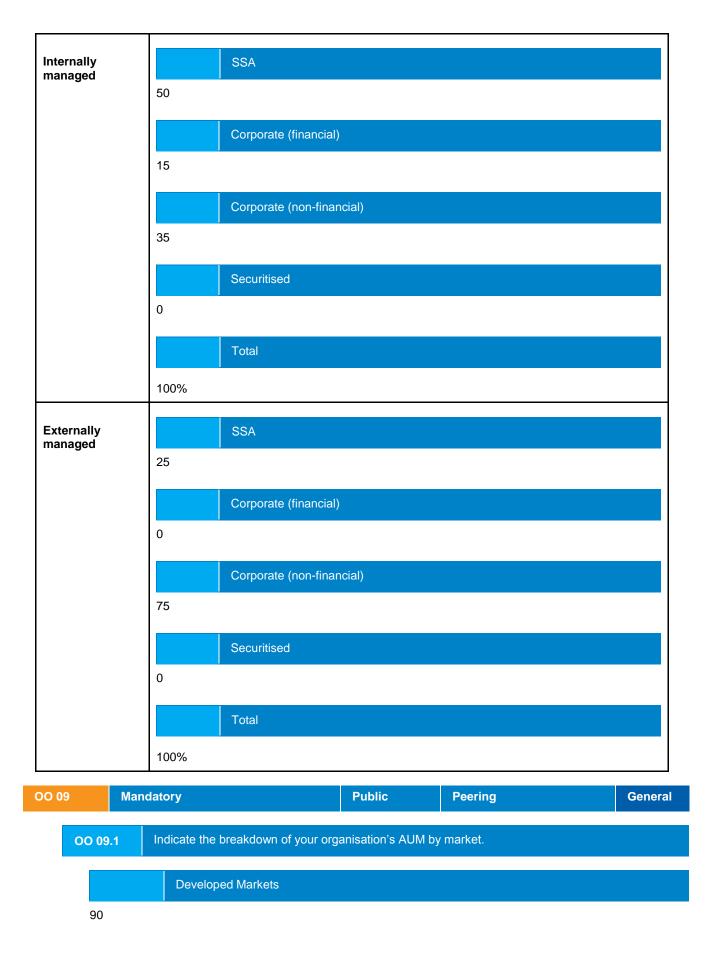
 $\odot$  Yes

No

# **OO 06.5** Indicate whether your organisation uses fiduciary managers.

○ Yes, we use a fiduciary manager and our response to OO 5.1 is reflective of their management of our assets.
● No, we do not use fiduciary managers.

00 (	007 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose		Public	Gateway	General	
	00 07	.1	Provide to the nearest 5% the perce reporting year, using the following o	<b>U</b>	of your Fixed Income AUM at the	end of your







100%

Asset class implementation gateway indicators							
00 10	Mar	ndatory	Public	Gateway	General		
00 10	.1	Select the active ownership activitie	es your organisation	n implemented in the reporting ye	ar.		

#### Listed equity - engagement

I We engage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.

□ We require our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.

□ We do not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors.

#### Listed equity - voting

We cast our (proxy) votes directly or via dedicated voting providers

□ We require our external managers to vote on our behalf.

□ We do not cast our (proxy) votes directly and do not require external managers to vote on our behalf

# Fixed income SSA – engagement

□ We engage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.

□ We require our external managers to engage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors on our behalf.

 $\boxdot$  We do not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with SSA bond issuers on ESG factors. Please explain why you do not.

Please explain why you do not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors.

So far we have found it difficult to engage with sovereigns and there has been no issues with other SSA assets.



### Fixed income Corporate (financial) - engagement

I We engage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.

 $\Box$  We do not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors. Please explain why you do not.

#### Fixed income Corporate (non-financial) - engagement

☑ We engage with companies on ESG factors via our staff, collaborations or service providers.

□ We require our external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors on our behalf.

 $\Box$  We do not engage directly and do not require external managers to engage with companies on ESG factors. Please explain why you do not.

00 1	O 11 Mandatory		Public	Gateway	General	
	00 11	.1	Select the internally managed asset investment decisions and/or your ac	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2
			Listed equity			
	۰V	Ve add	Iress ESG incorporation.			
	$\circ$ V	Ve do i	not do ESG incorporation.			

### Fixed income - SSA

● We address ESG incorporation.

○ We do not do ESG incorporation.

#### Fixed income - corporate (financial)

• We address ESG incorporation.

 $\odot$  We do not do ESG incorporation.

## Fixed income - corporate (non-financial)

• We address ESG incorporation.

 $\bigcirc$  We do not do ESG incorporation.

### Property

• We address ESG incorporation.

○ We do not do ESG incorporation.

## Forestry

- We address ESG incorporation.
- $\odot$  We do not do ESG incorporation.



# Cash

 $\bigcirc$  We address ESG incorporation.

 ${\small { \odot } }$  We do not do ESG incorporation.

# Money market instruments

• We address ESG incorporation.

 $\odot$  We do not do ESG incorporation.

00 11.2	Select the externally managed assets classes in which you and/or your investment consultants address ESG incorporation in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes.
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Asset class	ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
Listed equity	
	Listed equity - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	□ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - SSA	Fixed income - SSA - ESG incorporation addressed in your external
	manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We invest only in pooled funds and external manager appointment is not applicable
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	□ We do not do ESG incorporation
Fixed income - corporate	
(non-financial)	Fixed income - corporate (non-financial) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	☑ We invest only in pooled funds and external manager appointment is not applicable
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	□ We do not do ESG incorporation
Other (1)	
	Other (1) - ESG incorporation addressed in your external manager selection, appointment and/or monitoring processes
	☑ We incorporate ESG into our external manager selection process
	$\Box$ We incorporate ESG into our external manager appointment process
	$\hfill\square$ We invest only in pooled funds and external manager appointment is not applicable
	$\Box$ We incorporate ESG into our external manager monitoring process
	□ We do not do ESG incorporation

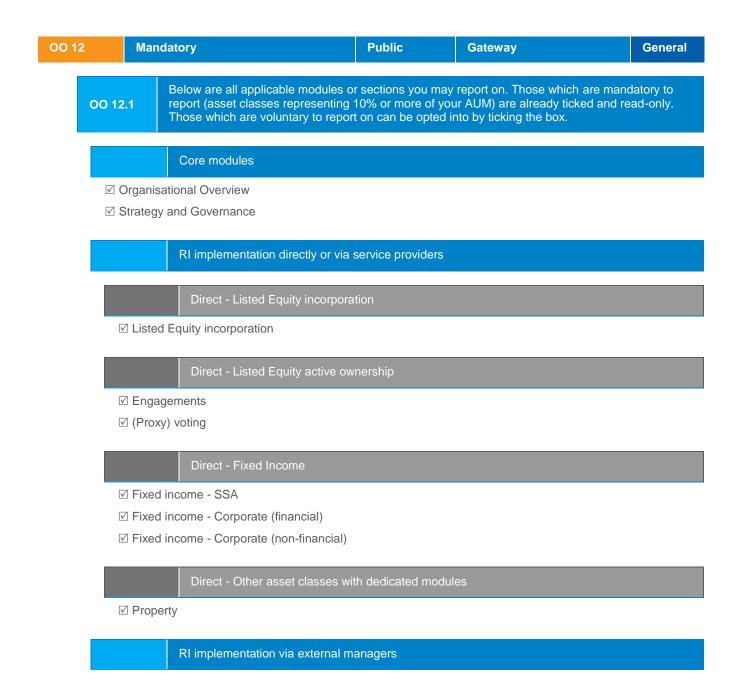


# **OO 11.4** Provide a brief description of how your organisation includes responsible investment considerations in your investment manager selection, appointment and monitoring processes.

External managers we use are met regularly. In the meetings managers' activity, strategy and actions related to responsible investing are discussed. We require our external managers to be signatories of UNPRI in equity and fixed income classes. If we outsource a portfolio's management to external manager, we agree on ESG incorpration in due course.



Expectations are set in manager meetings that are held regularly both before and after investing. Also written material can be used.





Indirect - Selection, Appointment and Monitoring of External Managers

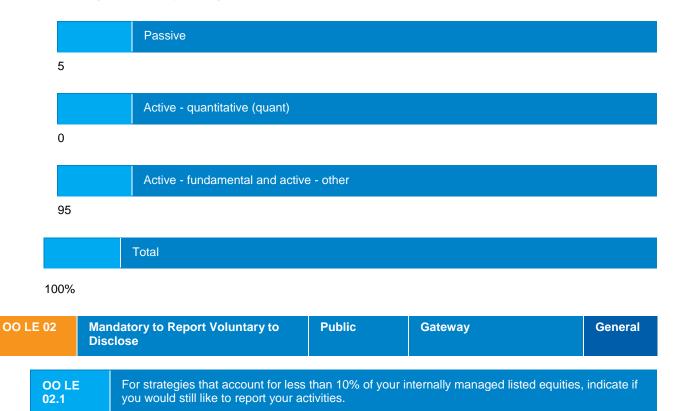
- □ Listed Equities
- □ Fixed income SSA
- □ Fixed income Corporate (non-financial)

Closing module

☑ Closing module



#### Percentage of internally managed listed equities



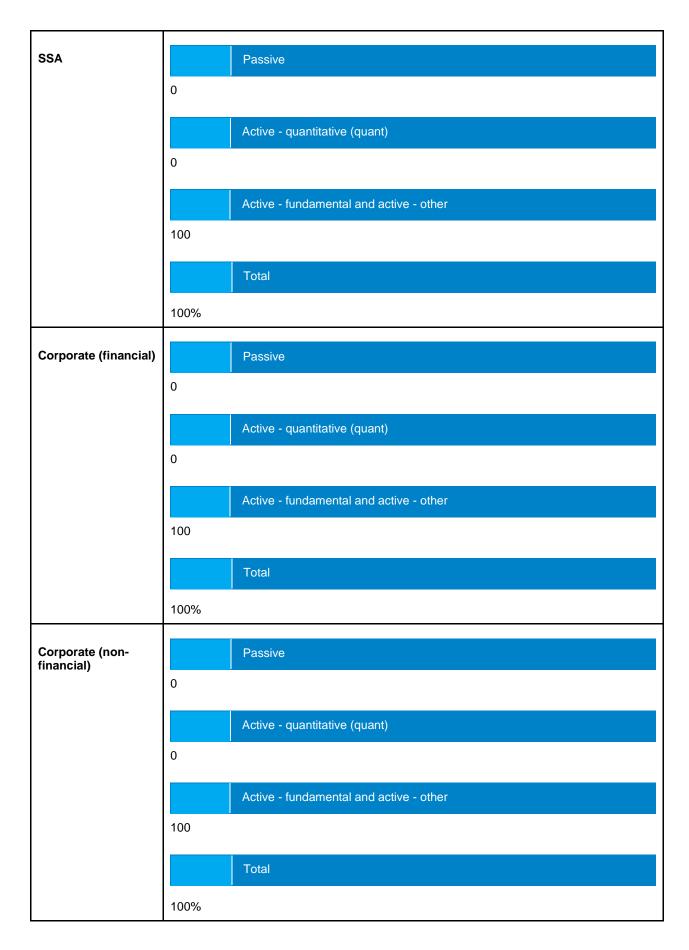
**Report on strategy** 













Update: this indicator has changed from "*Mandatory to report, voluntary to disclose*" to "*Mandatory*". Your response to this indicator will be published in the Public Transparency Report. This change is to enable improved analysis and peering.

**OO FI 03.1** Indicate the approximate (+/- 5%) breakdown of your SSA investments, by developed markets and emerging markets.

SSA		
		Developed markets
	80	
		Emerging markets
	20	
		Total
	100%	

# OO FI 03.2

Indicate the approximate (+/- 5%) breakdown of your corporate and securitised investments by investment grade or high-yield securities.

Туре	Investment grade (+/- 5%)	High-yield (+/- 5%)	Total internally managed
Corporate (financial)	○ >50% ● 10-50%	● >50% ○ 10-50%	100%
	○ <10% ○ 0%	○ <10% ○ 0%	
Corporate (non-financial)	<ul> <li>&gt;50%</li> <li>● 10-50%</li> <li>&lt;10%</li> <li>○ 0%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>&gt;50%</li> <li>10-50%</li> <li>&lt;10%</li> <li>0%</li> </ul>	100%

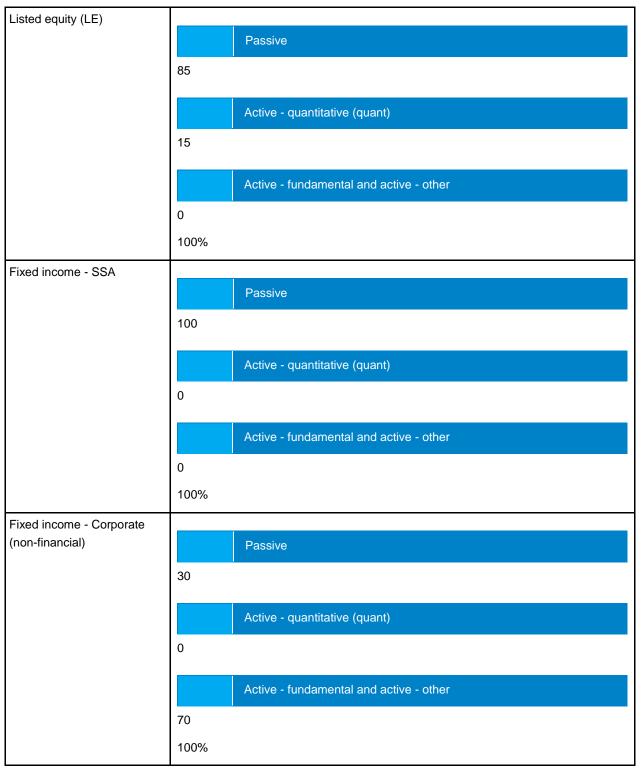
If you are invested in private debt and reporting on ratings is not relevant for you, please indicate below

OO FI 03.2 is not applicable as our internally managed fixed income assets are invested only in private debt.

OO SAM 01	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Gateway	General
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OO SAM 01.1 Provide a breakdown of your externally managed listed equities and fixed income by passive, active quant and, active fundamental and other active strategies.



OO PR 01 Mandatory Disclose	to Report Voluntary to	Public	Descriptive	General
--------------------------------	------------------------	--------	-------------	---------



# OO PR 01.1 Indicate the level of ownership you typically hold in your property investments.

- $\bigcirc$  a majority stake (50% and above)
- $\odot$  a significant minority stake (10 and above, and under 50%)
- a limited minority stake (<10%)
- a mix of ownership stakes

 $\odot$  N/A, we manage properties, new constructions and/or refurbishments on behalf of our clients, but do not hold equity in property on their behalf

00 PI 01.2	Provide a breakdown of your org similar	Provide a breakdown of your organisations allocation to Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) or similar						
○ >50	%							
○ 10	- 50%							
◉ <10	%							
○ 0%								
PR 02	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Gateway	General				

OO PR	
02.1	

00

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's property assets based on who manages the assets.



Breakdown of your property assets (by number)
○ >50%
○ 10-50%
○ <10%
● 0%
● >50%
○ 10-50%
○ <10%
0 %
○ >50%
○ 10-50%
○ <10%
● 0%
○ > 50%
○ 10-50%
● < 10%
0 0%

OO PR 03		ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Descriptive	General
OO F 03.1	R	Indicate up to three of your largest	property types by A	UM.	



Types	Main property types (by AUM)
Largest property type	○ Industrial
	⊖ Retail
	○ Office
	<ul> <li>Residential</li> </ul>
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	$\odot$ Mixed use
	$\bigcirc$ Other, specify
Second largest property type	○ Industrial
	⊖ Retail
	○ Office
	<ul> <li>Residential</li> </ul>
	○ Leisure/Hotel
	$\odot$ Mixed use
	$\bigcirc$ Other, specify
Third largest property type	○ Industrial
	○ Retail
	○ Office
	<ul> <li>Residential</li> </ul>
	O Leisure/Hotel
	$\bigcirc$ Mixed use
	$\bigcirc$ Other, specify

OO PR 03.2

Additional information

It's currently all residential.



# FIM Asset Management

**Reported Information** 

Public version

Strategy and Governance

# **PRI disclaimer**

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.





New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 01.1	Indicate if you have an investment policy that covers your responsible investment approach.
Yes	

SG 01.2 Indicate the components/types and coverage of your policy.

# Select all that apply

Policy components/types	Coverage by AUM
☑ Policy setting out your overall approach	$\odot$ Applicable policies cover all AUM
☑ Formalised guidelines on environmental factors	<ul> <li>Applicable policies cover a majority of AUM</li> </ul>
☑ Formalised guidelines on social factors	$\bigcirc$ Applicable policies cover a minority of AUM
$\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ Formalised guidelines on corporate governance factors	
□ Fiduciary (or equivalent) duties	
☑ Asset class-specific RI guidelines	
□ Sector specific RI guidelines	
☑ Screening / exclusions policy	
☑ Engagement policy	
☑ (Proxy) voting policy	
□ Other, specify (1)	
$\Box$ Other, specify(2)	



#### SG 01.3 Indicate if the investment policy covers any of the following

I Your organisation's definition of ESG and/or responsible investment and it's relation to investments

☑ Your investment objectives that take ESG factors/real economy influence into account

- I Time horizon of your investment
- ☑ Governance structure of organisational ESG responsibilities
- ☑ ESG incorporation approaches
- ☑ Active ownership approaches
- ☑ Reporting
- ☑ Climate change
- Understanding and incorporating client / beneficiary sustainability preferences
- □ Other RI considerations, specify (1)
- □ Other RI considerations, specify (2)

# **SG 01.4** Describe your organisation's investment principles and overall investment strategy, interpretation of fiduciary (or equivalent) duties, and how they consider ESG factors and real economy impact.

The basis for our investing is strategic asset allocation. Depending on the clients' investing goals and desired risk level, the allocation is applied according to each customers' needs. We emphasize active products in markets where we believe we can achieve excess return. Passive products are used in combination with active products in some markets. Active allocation and position taking in the underlying products are dynamic processes and deviations from strategic allocation and benchmark are based on different issues on different time horizons. Issues can be related to megatrends, economic cycles, central bank policies or company specific issues that can be related to financial or sustainable issues that will later turn into financial issues etc.

We believe that automatisation, artificial intelligence, urbanisation, population ageing, transformation into low carbon society and other sustainability related issues will be crucial issues shaping the investing landscape going forward.

We believe that incorporating ESC factors in the investment decision making process alongside with financial factors will enhance portfolio performance and reduce risk in the long run. We have reached the level in sustainable investing where we don't make a distinction between 'investing' and 'sustainable investing' any longer.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 01 CC		Indatory to Report Voluntary to sclose	Public	Descriptive	General
SG CC	01.6	Indicate whether your organisation opportunities and factored this into organisation's investment time horiz	the investment stra		risks and
	Yes				

30



Describe the identified transition and physical climate-related risks and opportunities and how they have been factored into the investment strategies/products.

As a part of our investment process, we evaluate the climate related risks of each of the potential investments. The framework is centered around two possible climate scenarios: 1) global warming of two degrees and 2) four degrees Celsius by 2100, respectively. In assessing the two-degree-scenario we focus on identifying and, up to certain level, quantifying transition risks and opportunities, emphasis being on the risks. In assessing the four-degree-scenario, we focus on identifying and quantifying (when possible) physical risks and opportunities brought on by the changing climate, emphasis of the analysis being once again on the risks.

The analysis is based mostly on our previous knowledge of the industry, opinions presented by trusted experts, material provided by the company and discussions with company representatives.

Special emphasis is laid on analyzing the preparedness of the company for both of our scenarios. We probe the awareness and prioritizing on the board level, quality and depth of reporting on climate risks as well as actual or planned measures for mitigating those risks.

The outcome of our analysis serve as an input for our investment decision process and helps us better contextualize the valuation of the company.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 01.7 CC	Indicate whether the organisation has assessed the likelihood and impact of these climate risks?
---------------	--

Yes

Describe the associated timescales linked to these risks and opportunities.

The horizon of our analysis spans 10-15 years.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 01.8 CC	Indicate whether the organisation publicly supports the TCFD?
● Yes ○ No	
SG 01.9 CC	Indicate whether there is an organisation-wide strategy in place to identify and manage material climate-related risks and opportunities.

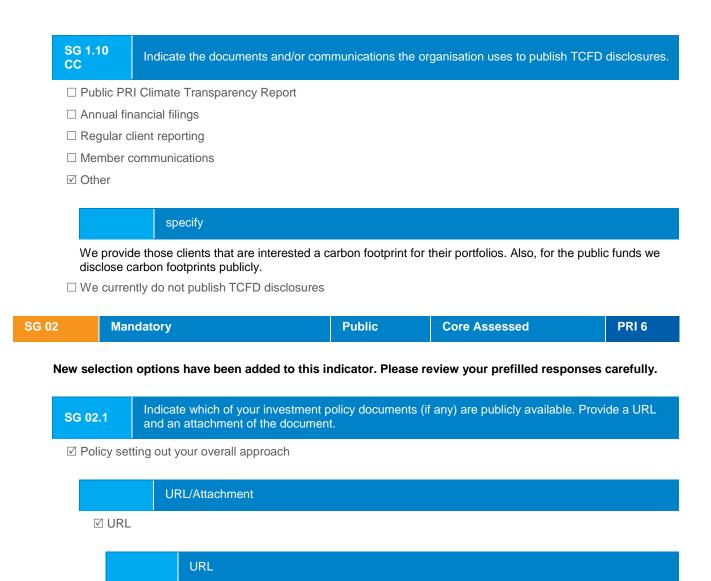
Yes
 Yes

#### Describe

We have trained portfolio managers to use TCFD framework in analysing companies' climate related risks and opportunities. We have adopted an exclusion policy that covers all our internally managed assets. Coal exclusion is currently the core element in managing climate related risks at FIM. We have also planned to make exclusion criterias stricter going forward. Also, our strategy is to introduce more products that have climate risks and opportunities in the core of the investment strategy. By doing this, the proportion of climate aware AUM will increase. All this will be on the top of existing climate consideration in analysing and making investment decisions on a portfolio management level.

 $\bigcirc$  No





https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment (will be made public)

I Formalised guidelines on environmental factors



□ Attachment (will be made public)

☑ Formalised guidelines on social factors



	URL/Attachment
☑ URL	
	URL
https://ww	vw.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment (will be made public)

 $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Formalised guidelines on corporate governance factors

	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment (will be made public)

☑ Asset class-specific RI guidelines



https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

 $\Box$  Attachment (will be made public)

☑ Screening / exclusions policy

	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment (will be made public)

☑ Engagement policy

URL/Attachment

☑ URL



### https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

 $\hfill\square$  Attachment (will be made public)

☑ (Proxy) voting policy

	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	
	URL
https://w	ww.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment (will be made public)

 $\hfill\square$  We do not publicly disclose our investment policy documents



I Your organisation's definition of ESG and/or responsible investment and it's relation to investments

	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	

URL

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment

- $\hfill\square$  Your investment objectives that take ESG factors/real economy influence into account
- $\hfill\square$  Time horizon of your investment
- $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Governance structure of organisational ESG responsibilities

URL/Attachment
URL
URL
URL
https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

- □ Attachment
- ☑ ESG incorporation approaches



	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	
	URL
https://w	ww.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

### □ Attachment

☑ Active ownership approaches

	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	
	URL

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

□ Attachment

# ☑ Reporting

	URL/Attachment
☑ URL	
	URL
https://ww	ww.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

### □ Attachment

# ☑ Climate change

	URL/Attachment
⊠ URL	
	URL

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

# □ Attachment

 $\hfill\square$  We do not publicly disclose any investment policy components

SG 03   Mandatory   Public   Core Assessed   General
--



**SG 03.1** Indicate if your organisation has a policy on managing potential conflicts of interest in the investment process.

Yes

#### **SG 03.2** Describe your policy on managing potential conflicts of interest in the investment process.

We have two conflict of interest prevention policies on a S-Bank Group (parent entity of FIM Asset Management) level: the general policy and the complementary policy for offering investment services.

The general policy addresses the following issues:

- 1. Identifying and disclosing conflicts of interests
- 2. Managing Conflicts of interests
- 3. Organizational arrangements
- 4. Secondary external roles of management and personnel members
- 5. Gifts and hospitality
- 6. Personal trading
- Renumeration
   Training activities
- 9. Specific rules regarding offering of investment services
- 10. Roles and responsibilities
- 11. Documentation and monitoring

The complementary policy for offering investment services identifies the following specific areas of possible conflicts of interest:

- 1. Brokerage services
- 2. Discretionary asset management
- 3. Mutual fund management
- 4. Offering custody services
- 5. Offering advisory services

The complimentary policy specifically defines management of conflicts and segregation of duties when offering discretionary asset management, mutual investment funds and proprietary trading activities.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 04	/oluntary	Public	Descriptive	General
SG 04.1	Indicate if your organisation has a p investee entities.	process for identifyi	ng and managing incidents that o	occur within
● Yes ○ No				
SG 04.2	Describe your process on managing	g incidents		

We follow ESG controversies that occur in portfolio companies. We use an external service provider to highlight controversies and their severity. Our ESG / responsible investing policy describes the process and options we have in place should those incidents happen.

Objectives and strategies				
SG 05	Mandatory	Public	Gateway/Core Assessed	General



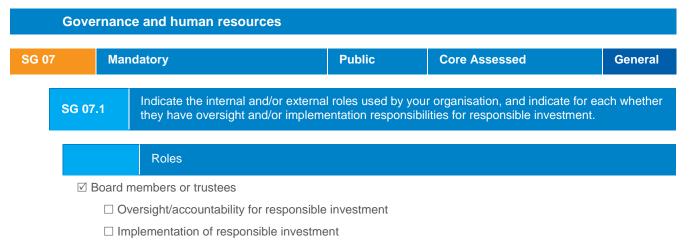
## **SG 05.1** Indicate if and how frequently your organisation sets and reviews objectives for its responsible investment activities.

- Quarterly or more frequently
- $\bigcirc$  Biannually
- Annually
- Less frequently than annually
- $\bigcirc$  Ad-hoc basis
- It is not set/reviewed

#### **SG 05.2** Additional information. [Optional]

#### DECISION MAKING AND OBJECTIVES

Chief investment officer draws up the proposals for responsible investing strategies and policies to the ESG Committee, which consists of the CIO, representatives of the alternative investments operation, the equity and fixed-income units, the discretionary asset management and risk management. The most important policies are submitted to the wealth Management executive board for approval. The objectives and focus areas are defined for each calendar year. The decisions are mainly implemented within each unit that makes investment decisions by the portfolio managers as an integral part of investing. For certain strategies, the decisions are implemented by a person who specialises in responsible investing.



- ☑ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
- ☑ Internal Roles (triggers other options)



#### Select from the below internal roles

☑ Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO), Chief Operating Officer (COO), Investment Committee

- ☑ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
- ☑ Implementation of responsible investment
- □ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
- □ Other Chief-level staff or head of department, specify
- ☑ Portfolio managers
  - □ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
  - ☑ Implementation of responsible investment
  - $\Box$  No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
- □ Investment analysts
- ☑ Dedicated responsible investment staff
  - □ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
  - ☑ Implementation of responsible investment
  - □ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment
- □ Investor relations
- $\Box$  Other role, specify (1)
- $\Box$  Other role, specify (2)
- ☑ External managers or service providers
  - □ Oversight/accountability for responsible investment
  - ☑ Implementation of responsible investment
  - □ No oversight/accountability or implementation responsibility for responsible investment

**SG 07.2** For the roles for which you have RI oversight/accountability or implementation responsibilities, indicate how you execute these responsibilities.

The CIO has the ESG oversight role. He oversights everything that is related to investment processes and investing, including ESG. Some ESG strategies are executed by the CIO, but he mostly oversights responsible investing. Oversighting is done for example by observing daily working of the investment teams and by researching ESG reports of portfolios or mandates to verify that ESG criterias are not breached. The portfolio managers are responsible for the day-to-day implementation of the ESG processes in their respective funds.





#### SG 07.4 Additional information. [Optional]

At FIM ESG is truly put in place by the people who make the investment decisions, ie the fund managers. This is how it should be. Now that a distinct ESG process is in place, the system operates smoothly. Furthermore, the Head of ESG became the CIO in 2019 when the two roles were merged. This highlights the importance of ESG at FIM.

7 CC		ndatory to Report Voluntary to close	Public	Descriptive	General
SG 07 CC	7.5	Indicate the roles in the organisati responsibilities for climate-related		ersight, accountability and/or	management
		Board members or trustees			
	□ 0	versight/accountability for climate-re	lated issues		
		ssessment and management of clima	ate-related issue	S	
	⊠ N	o responsibility for climate-related is	sues		
		Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Investment Committee	), Chief Investme	ent Officer (CIO), Chief Risk (	Officer (CRO),
	☑ 0	versight/accountability for climate-rel	lated issues		
	⊠ A:	ssessment and management of clima	ate-related issue	S	
	□ N	o responsibility for climate-related iss	sues		
		Portfolio managers			
	□ 0	versight/accountability for climate-re	lated issues		
	⊠ A:	ssessment and management of clima	ate-related issue	S	
	□ N	o responsibility for climate-related is	sues		
		Dedicated responsible investr	ment staff		
	□ 0	versight/accountability for climate-rel	lated issues		
	⊠ A:	ssessment and management of clima	ate-related issue	S	
	□ N	o responsibility for climate-related iss	sues		
		External managers or service	providers		
	□ 0	versight/accountability for climate-rel	lated issues		

- ☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues
- $\hfill\square$  No responsibility for climate-related issues



## **SG 07.7 CC** For management-level roles that assess and manage climate-related issues, provide further information on the structure and processes involved.

As we recently combined the CIO and Head of ESG roles, the CIO is now in charge of ESG at FIM. This was due to the importance of responsible investing for FIM. Also, we do not want to make a distinction between 'investing' and 'responsible investing' as our approach is to align these two. When it comes to climate related issues, the CIO suggests to the ESG committee what actions should be taken. The committee then makes the final decisions. Exclusion criterion will be decided upon in the management committee of FIM. For climate related product development, the CIO takes new ideas forward to the management board.

We have excluded coal companies according to certain parameters from our investment universe. Also, our updated ESG policy refers to TCFD. We familiarised portfolio managers more formally with the issue in 2019. These decisions have been taken as described earlier. Portfolio managers do have a good knowledge on climate change and its effects on sectors and companies.

## SG 07.8<br/>CCIndicate how your organisation engages external investment managers and/or service providers on<br/>the TCFD recommendations and their implementation.

□ Request that external managers and/or service providers incorporate TCFD into mainstream financial filings (annual financial reports, other regulatory reporting or similar)

- □ Request incorporation of TCFD into regular client reporting
- □ Request that external managers complete PRI climate indicator reporting
- □ Request responses to TCFD Fund Manager questions in the PRI Asset Owner Guide
- ☑ Other

Specify

We regularly ask service providers to a) develop TCFD related analysis b) integrate that into their analysis and reporting.

 $\Box$  We do not engage with external managers and/or service providers on the TCFD recommendations and their implementation

# Promoting responsible investment SG 09 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 4,5 SG 09.1 Select the collaborative organisation and/or initiatives of which your organisation is a member or in which it participated during the reporting year, and the role you played.

#### Select all that apply

Principles for Responsible Investment

Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)

□ Basic

- ☑ Moderate
- $\Box$  Advanced



Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

We have acted as public spokeperson for UNPRI for many occasions. Explaining PRI, as a matter of fact, is part of most of our slide decks covering responsible investing. This can include for example what principles actually include and how the principles can be used to guide the development of responsible investing in organisations.

- □ Asian Corporate Governance Association
- □ Australian Council of Superannuation Investors
- □ AVCA: Sustainability Committee
- □ France Invest La Commission ESG
- BVCA Responsible Investment Advisory Board
- CDP Climate Change

Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)

Basic

☑ Moderate

□ Advanced

Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

We have highlighted the importance of CDP in developing emission related data and targets in many instances.

#### ☑ CDP Forests

Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)

☑ Basic

- □ Moderate
- □ Advanced

☑ CDP Water

Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)

□ Basic

☑ Moderate

□ Advanced

Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

We have highlighted the importance of CDP in developing water related data and targets in many instances.

□ CFA Institute Centre for Financial Market Integrity

☑ Climate Action 100+



Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)

□ Basic

☑ Moderate

 $\Box$  Advanced

Provide a brief commentary on the level of your organisation's involvement in the initiative. [Optional]

For the past year, we have actively spoken for climate action 100+ goals and achievements. Explaining Climate Action 100+ is part of our standard ESG slide decks covering responsible investing. We have also been active on social media regarding the initiative.

□ Code for Responsible Investment in SA (CRISA)

□ Council of Institutional Investors (CII)

 $\Box$  Eumedion

- □ Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI)
- □ ESG Research Australia
- □ Invest Europe Responsible Investment Roundtable
- □ Global Investors Governance Network (GIGN)
- □ Global Impact Investing Network (GIIN)
- □ Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (GRESB)
- □ Green Bond Principles
- □ HKVCA: ESG Committee
- □ Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)
- □ Interfaith Center on Corporate Responsibility (ICCR)
- □ International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN)
- □ Investor Group on Climate Change, Australia/New Zealand (IGCC)
- □ International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC)
- □ Investor Network on Climate Risk (INCR)/CERES
- □ Local Authority Pension Fund Forum
- □ Principles for Financial Action in the 21st Century
- □ Principles for Sustainable Insurance
- Z Regional or National Social Investment Forums (e.g. UKSIF, Eurosif, ASRIA, RIAA), specify

FINSIF, Finland's Sustainable Investment Forum.

Your organisation's role in the initiative during the reporting period (see definitions)

- □ Basic
- □ Moderate
- Advanced



	Provide a brief commentary or [Optional]	n the level of you	r organisation's involvement in	n the initiative.
	e held the chairman of the board position at erations, management and future planning.	FINSIF in 2019.	Our role was very extensive in	n FINSIF
□ Re	sponsible Finance Principles in Inclusive Fi	nance		
□ Sh	areholder Association for Research and Edu	ucation (Share)		
🗆 Un	ited Nations Environmental Program Financ	e Initiative (UNE	EP FI)	
🗆 Un	ited Nations Global Compact			
□ Otl	ner collaborative organisation/initiative, spec	cify		
□ Otl	ner collaborative organisation/initiative, spec	cify		
□ Otl	ner collaborative organisation/initiative, spec	cify		
□ Otl	ner collaborative organisation/initiative, spec	cify		
SG 09.2	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1
	Indicate approximately what perce	ntage (+/- 5%) o	f your externally managed ass	sets under
	management are managed by PRI			
	management are managed by PRI			
100	management are managed by PRI			
	management are managed by PRI	signatories.	Core Assessed	PRI 4
100 SG 10	management are managed by PRI		Core Assessed	PRI 4
	Mandatory	signatories. Public		
SG 10	Mandatory O.1 Indicate if your organisation promo- initiatives.	signatories. Public		
SG 10	Mandatory O.1 Indicate if your organisation promo- initiatives.	signatories. Public		
SG 10	Mandatory .1 Indicate if your organisation promo initiatives. s Indicate the actions your organisation promo	Public Public otes responsible	investment, independently of o	collaborative
SG 10 SG 10 © Ye	Mandatory .1 Indicate if your organisation promo initiatives. s	Public Public otes responsible nisation has take initiatives. Provi	investment, independently of en to promote responsible inve ide a description of your role in	collaborative
SG 10 SG 10 © Ye	management are managed by PRI         %         Mandatory         0.1       Indicate if your organisation promotinitiatives.         s         G6 10.2       Indicate the actions your organisation promotinitiatives of the selected participation/contribution.	Public Public otes responsible nisation has take initiatives. Provi action and the ty	investment, independently of o en to promote responsible inve ide a description of your role in pical frequency of your	collaborative estment n contributing to
SG 10 SG 10 © Ye	management are managed by PRI         %         Mandatory         0.1       Indicate if your organisation promotinitiatives.         s         G 10.2       Indicate the actions your organisative the objectives of the selected	Public Public otes responsible initiatives. Provi action and the ty	investment, independently of o en to promote responsible inve ide a description of your role in pical frequency of your (this includes peer to peer RI	collaborative estment n contributing to support) Your
SG 10 SG 10 © Ye	management are managed by PRI         %         Mandatory         0.1       Indicate if your organisation promotinitiatives.         s         G6 10.2       Indicate the actions your organisation promotinitiatives of the selected participation/contribution.         ☑ Provided or supported education or training may be for clients, investigation	Public Public otes responsible initiatives. Provi action and the ty	investment, independently of o en to promote responsible inve ide a description of your role in pical frequency of your (this includes peer to peer RI	collaborative estment n contributing to support) Your

Head of Responsible Investing (CIO) was involved in several events with clients and potential clients where the concept of responsible investing was explained and discussed. Also, internal education on the topic was organised, as well as public comments in the media.

#### Frequency of contribution

- Quarterly or more frequently
- $\bigcirc$  Biannually
- Annually
- Less frequently than annually
- $\bigcirc$  Ad hoc
- $\bigcirc$  Other

□ Provided financial support for academic or industry research on responsible investment

I Provided input and/or collaborated with academia on RI related work

#### Description

The Head of Responsible Investing regularly participates in academic projects as an interviewee. This happened also several times in 2019.

#### Frequency of contribution

- Quarterly or more frequently
- Biannually
- $\bigcirc$  Annually
- Less frequently than annually
- $\bigcirc$  Ad hoc
- $\bigcirc$  Other

 $\Box$  Encouraged better transparency and disclosure of responsible investment practices across the investment industry

Spoke publicly at events and conferences to promote responsible investment

#### Description

The Head of Responsible Investing spoke for example in an Institutional ETF investor conference in London about responsible investing and appeared in several newspapers and in other media regularly.



#### Frequency of contribution

- Quarterly or more frequently
- $\bigcirc$  Biannually
- Annually
- Less frequently than annually
- $\odot$  Ad hoc
- Other
- $\hfill\square$  Wrote and published in-house research papers on responsible investment
- □ Encouraged the adoption of the PRI
- □ Responded to RI related consultations by non-governmental organisations (OECD, FSB etc.)
- □ Wrote and published articles on responsible investment in the media
- □ A member of PRI advisory committees/ working groups, specify
- ☑ On the Board of, or officially advising, other RI organisations (e.g. local SIFs)

#### Description

We held the chairman of the board position at FINSIF in 2019. Head of Sales opened FINSIF annual seminar with a welcome speak.

#### Frequency of contribution

- Quarterly or more frequently
- Biannually
- $\bigcirc$  Annually
- Less frequently than annually
- $\bigcirc$  Ad hoc
- Other

□ Other, specify

 $\bigcirc$  No

#### Outsourcing to fiduciary managers and investment consultants

SG 12	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 4

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 12.1	Indicate whether your organisation uses investment consultants.

□ Yes, we use investment consultants

☑ No, we do not use investment consultants.

#### ESG issues in asset allocation



SG 13 Mandatory		ndatory	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1	
	SG 13.	.1	Indicate whether the organisation caprovide a description of the scenarion etc.).			

□ Yes, in order to assess future ESG factors

□ Yes, in order to assess future climate-related risks and opportunities

☑ No, our organisation does not currently carry out scenario analysis and/or modelling

#### SG 13.3 Additional information. [OPTIONAL]

Climate change / ESG related scenario analysis is at such an early stage that we have not seen a great rationale to do this at this stage. Moreover, as the asset managers typically have tens or hundreds or even more portfolios, different scenario analyses are not as effective as they are in case of an asset owner with fewer, in many cases just one, portfolio.



Established a climate change sensitive or climate change integrated asset allocation strategy

- □ Targeted low carbon or climate resilient investments
- $\hfill\square$  Phase out your investments in your fossil fuel holdings
- I Reduced portfolio exposure to emissions intensive or fossil fuel holdings
- $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Used emissions data or analysis to inform investment decision making
- ☑ Sought climate change integration by companies
- □ Sought climate supportive policy from governments
- Other, specify
- $\hfill\square$  None of the above



## **SG 14.3** Indicate which of the following tools the organisation uses to manage climate-related risks and opportunities.

- □ Scenario analysis
- ☑ Disclosures on emissions risks to clients/trustees/management/beneficiaries
- □ Climate-related targets
- I Encouraging internal and/or external portfolio managers to monitor emissions risks
- Emissions-risk monitoring and reporting are formalised into contracts when appointing managers
- ☑ Weighted average carbon intensity
- ☑ Carbon footprint (scope 1 and 2)
- Portfolio carbon footprint
- ☑ Total carbon emissions
- ☑ Carbon intensity
- □ Exposure to carbon-related assets
- $\Box$  Other emissions metrics
- □ Other, specify
- $\hfill\square$  None of the above

## **SG 14.4** If you selected disclosure on emissions risks, list any specific climate related disclosure tools or frameworks that you used.

For climate change related reasons, we exclude mining companies that derive over 20% of their revenues from thermal coal. Additionally, based on our own analysis, we exclude around 20 utilities whose energy generation's CO2 intensity is high and that's explained by the usage of coal as a fuel (we see gas 'less bad' at this point). Please note that we have calculated the intensity for the generation business, not for the company as a whole as that is misleading in some cases. When it comes to scenario analysis, we haven't done that so far. We want the methods to develop further. When it comes to carbon footprint calculation, we calculate and report that in four different ways. The calculations are based on MSCI data on scope 1 and scope 2 emissions. We can report the carbon footprint as xx tons per invested million dollars, emissions owned xx tons CO2 (the share of companies' emission owned by the fund, based on the ownership data), CO2 intensity xx (tons CO2 / mln \$ sales) and weighted average CO2 intensity xx (tons CO2 / mln \$ sales). Figures are available on our website for all the funds where data covers over 50% of investments. It is good to note that not all the methodologies mentioned are suitable for funds containing fixed income securities.





Metric Type	Coverage	Purpose	Metric Unit	Metric Methodology
Weighted average	□ All assets	What is my portfolio's exposure to carbon-intensive companies.	Tons CO2e / M\$	Weighted average of each portfolio company's CO2e/ it's revenue. This metric also
carbon intensity	<ul> <li>Majority of assets</li> </ul>		sales	suits for fixed income securities.
	□ Minority of assets			
Carbon	□ All assets	To be able to consider each company's emissions and to be able to calculate	Tons CO2e	Sum of company's scope 1 and scope 2 emissions.
footprint (scope 1 and 2)	✓ Majority of assets	emission metrics for portfolios as this input is needed in one way or another.		
	☐ Minority of assets			
Portfolio	□ All assets	What is my portfolio's exposure to high carbon footprint companies. This	Tons CO2e	Sum of portfolio companies' owned emissions normalised
carbon footprint	☑ Majority of assets	metric can be normalised per 1 million dollar investment, which enables to compare with for example a		to 1 million dollars invested.
	☐ Minority of assets	benchmark.		
Total carbon	□ All assets	What is my portfolio's total carbon footprint.	Tons CO2e	To calculate the portfolio carbon emissions, we sum
emissions	☑ Majority of assets			up all the emissions in the portfolio based on the investor's ownership share.
	□ Minority of assets			The metric can also be expressed as per dollar invested.
Carbon	□ All assets	How efficient is my portfolio in terms of total carbon emissions per unit of	Tons CO2e /	Carbon intensity is the ratio of portfolio carbon emissions
intensity	☑ Majority of assets	output.	M\$ sales.	normalized by the investor's claims on sales. This can only be calculated
	□ Minority of assets			for equity investments as the ownership figure is needed.

SG 14.8 CC

Indicate whether climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management and explain the risk management processes used for identifying, assessing and managing climate-related risks.

O Processes for climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management

• Processes for climate-related risks are not integrated into overall risk management

#### Please describe

Calculating and reporting different carbon figures for portfolios is not integrated into our overall risk management yet. We do publish these figures for our mutual funds. Risk management in climate related issues is done on a portfolio level by portfolio managers.



#### SG 14.9 CC

Indicate whether your organisation, and/or external investment manager or service providers acting on your behalf, undertake active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

Yes

#### Please describ

We participate in Climate Action 100+ and TCFD adoption is one aspect of the engagement programme.

 $\bigcirc$  No, we do not undertake active ownership activities.

 $\odot$  No, we do not undertake active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

SG 15 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose		Public	Descriptive	PRI 1		
	SG 15	.1	Indicate if your organisation allocate environmental and social themed a		nages, funds based on specific	
	⊖ Yes ● No	5				

#### Asset class implementation not reported in other modules

SG 16	Ma	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General
SG	6.1	Describe how you address ESG iss asset class module has yet to be de		<b>S</b>	

your assets are below the minimum threshold.

Asset Class	Describe what processes are in place and the outputs or outcomes achieved
Forestry	Sustainability is an integral part of forest management at FIM. Certification plays an important role in sustainability practices and all of the forestst owned are FSC and PEFC certified. In addition to this, we prefer avoiding clearcutting when that's possible.
Money market instruments	When using money market instruments we use the same exclusion list as in all other investments. For the short nature of these instruments, no additional ESG analysis is necessarily done.

SG 1	7	Mar	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General
	SG 17.	.1	Describe how you address ESG iss asset class module has yet to be de your assets are below the minimum	eveloped or for whi	<b>S</b>	



Asset Class	Describe what processes are in place and the outputs or outcomes achieved
Listed equities - ESG incorporation	As a prerequisite, we require extenal managers to be UNPRI signatories. People who choose and make investments into funds managed by external managers, will do the check from public sources or directly from the external managers and proceed accordingly.
Listed equities - engagement	We don't currently engage with external managers on their egagement efforts.
Listed equities - (proxy) voting	We do not require external managers to vote, although we know most of them do vote according to their policies.
Fixed income - SSA	As a prerequisite, we require extenal managers to be UNPRI signatories. People who choose and make investments into funds managed by external managers, will do the check from public sources or directly from the external managers and proceed accordingly.
Fixed income - Corporate (non- financial)	As a prerequisite, we require extenal managers to be UNPRI signatories. People who choose and make investments into funds managed by external managers, will do the check from public sources or directly from the external managers and proceed accordingly.
Other (1) [as defined in Organisational Overview module]	In alternative investments, like private debt, we prefer funds that already have integrated ESG criteria as a part of their investment process. By integrating ESG factors we help to enhance risk-adjusted returns and aim to avoid risks. When selecting alternative funds, we consider particularly four ESG areas: <ol> <li>Climate change and environmental issues</li> <li>Violation of human rights, child labor and labor standards</li> <li>The quality of the operational management and the board of directors and their incentives, as well as accounting practices, corruption, minority shareholder's rights and political connections</li> <li>When possible, the same exclusion strategy as used for our equity and fixed income funds. Particularly in infrastructure investments we analyze thoroughly political aspects, regulatory impacts and unpopular industries. In private equity funds we aim to understand the corporate governance. We emphasize transparency of investments, clear benchmarks and clear reporting. We monitor how the ESG criterion are met through the life-cycle of the funds.</li> </ol>

Innovation						
SG	18	Vol	untary	Public	Descriptive	General
	SG 18.	1	Indicate whether any specific featur	res of your approac	h to responsible investment are p	articularly
Yes						

50



**SG 18.2** Describe any specific features of your approach to responsible investment that you believe are particularly innovative.

We are leaders in impact investing in Finland. SIBs (Social impact bonds) are an innovative way to fund and solve social problems that can relate to for example children's well-being or improving immigrants' chances to get employed.

 $\bigcirc$  No

Communication					
SG 19	Man	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2, 6
SG 19.1		Indicate whether your organisation Select the frequency of the disclosu the public information.			

Listed equity - Incorporation
Do you disclose?
not proactively disclose it to the public and/or clients/beneficiaries

 $\bigcirc$  We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.

We disclose it publicly

	The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same
$\odot$ Yes	
No	

Disclosure to public and URL	Disclosure to clients/beneficiaries	
Disclosure to public and URL	Disclosure to clients/beneficiaries	
<ul> <li>Broad approach to ESG incorporation</li> </ul>	O Broad approach to ESG incorporation	
$\bigcirc$ Detailed explanation of ESG incorporation strategy used	<ul> <li>Detailed explanation of ESG incorporation strategy used</li> </ul>	
Frequency	Frequency	
Quarterly or more frequently	Quarterly or more frequently	
□ Biannually	Biannually	
☑ Annually	Annually	
$\Box$ Less frequently than annually	□ Less frequently than annually	
□ Ad-hoc/when requested	☑ Ad-hoc/when requested	
URL		
https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/		

Listed equity - Engagement

Do you disclose?

 $\odot$  We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.

 $\bigcirc$  We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.

• We disclose to the public

The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same

Yes

 $\bigcirc$  No



	Disclo	sure to	public	and	URL
--	--------	---------	--------	-----	-----

#### Disclosure to public and URL

☑ Details on the overall engagement strategy

 $\boxdot$  Details on the selection of engagement cases and definition of objectives of the selections, priorities and specific goals

☑ Number of engagements undertaken

□ Breakdown of engagements by type/topic

 $\hfill\square$  Breakdown of engagements by region

 $\square$  An assessment of the current status of the progress achieved and outcomes against defined objectives

□ Examples of engagement cases

 $\Box$  Details on eventual escalation strategy taken after the initial dialogue has been unsuccessful (i.e. filing resolutions, issuing a statement, voting against management, divestment etc.)

- Details on whether the provided information has been externally assured
- $\hfill\square$  Outcomes that have been achieved from the engagement

☑ Other information

We publish the names of the companies we engage with individually.

#### Frequency

□ Quarterly or more frequently

☑ Biannually

□ Annually

 $\Box$  Less frequently than annually

□ Ad-hoc/when requested

URL

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/

Listed equity - (Proxy) Voting

#### Do you disclose?

○ We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.

- $\bigcirc$  We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.
- We disclose to the public





#### Disclosure to public and URL

#### Disclosure to public and URL

Disclose all voting decisions

 $\odot$  Disclose some voting decisions

 $\odot$  Only disclose abstentions and votes against management

#### Frequency

□ Quarterly or more frequently

☑ Biannually

 $\Box$  Annually

 $\hfill\square$  Less frequently than annually

 $\Box$  Ad hoc/when requested

#### URL

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/

Fixed income

#### Do you disclose?

 $\odot$  We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.

 $\bigcirc$  We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$  We disclose to the public

The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same

 $\bigcirc$  Yes

No



Disclosure to public and URL	Disclosure to clients/beneficiaries	
Disclosure to public and URL	Disclosure to clients/beneficiaries	
Broad approach to RI incorporation	O Broad approach to RI incorporation	
○ Detailed explanation of RI incorporation strategy used	<ul> <li>Detailed explanation of RI incorporation strategy used</li> </ul>	
Frequency	Frequency	
Quarterly	Quarterly	
□ Biannually	□ Biannually	
☑ Annually	□ Annually	
$\Box$ Less frequently than annually	□ Less frequently than annually	
$\Box$ Ad hoc/when requested	☑ Ad hoc/when requested	
URL https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/		

Property

Do you disclose?

 $\bigcirc$  We do not disclose to either clients/beneficiaries or the public.

 $\bigcirc$  We disclose to clients/beneficiaries only.

We disclose to the public

The information disclosed to clients/beneficiaries is the same

Yes

 $\bigcirc$  No



#### Disclosure to public and URL

#### Disclosure to public and URL

□ ESG information on how you select property investments

- $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  ESG information on how you monitor and manage property investments
- ☑ Information on your property investments' ESG performance

☑ Other

Specify

An ESG report on property investments in 2019 was published for the first time this spring.

Frequency

 $\hfill\square$  Quarterly or more frequently

□ Biannually

☑ Annually

 $\hfill\square$  Less frequently than annually

 $\Box$  Ad-hoc/when requested

URL

https://dokumentit.s-pankki.fi/tiedostot/kiinteistorahastojen-vastuullisen-sijoittamisen-raportti-2019



## FIM Asset Management

## **Reported Information**

Public version

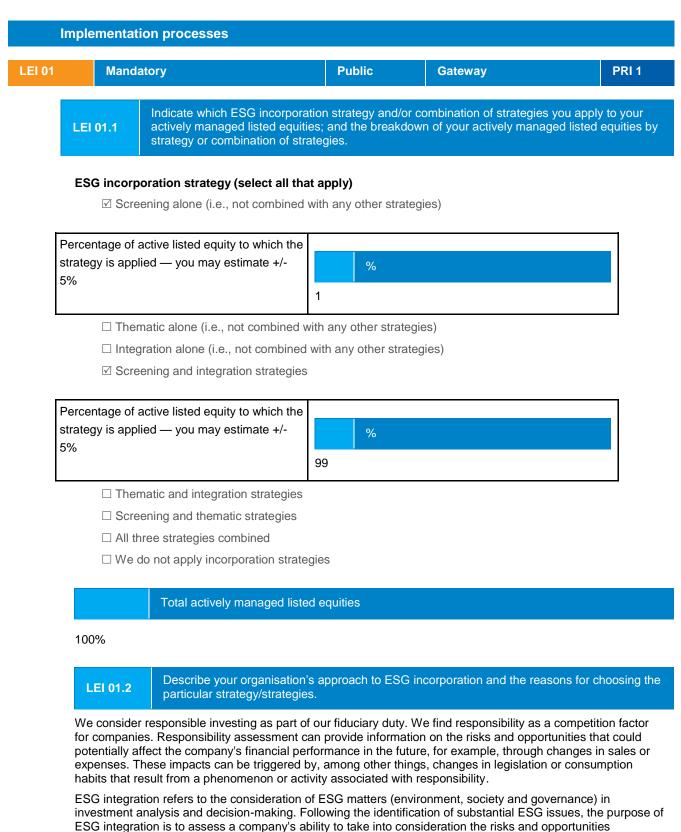
**Direct - Listed Equity Incorporation** 

## **PRI disclaimer**

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#### ESG incorporation in actively managed listed equities



associated with these and to assess whether the price of company's securities reflect these factors. Portfolio

PRI Principles for Responsible Investment managers are supported in ESG integration by high-quality ESG assessments and ratings produced by third parties. We also collect ESG information ourselves, for example, discussing relevant responsibility issues in meetings with company management. Our portfolio managers meet company representatives on a daily basis. There are hundreds of meetings like these every year. In addition to assessments carried out by third parties, our country analysis utilises country-specific ESG factors included in our own country-risk model.

We are interested in the performance of our investments in terms of initiatives and principles concerning general international business practices and responsibility-related norms. We observe, for example, the UN Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. The UN Global Compact contains principles related to human rights, labour and corruption. The human rights principles include the eradication of forced and child labour. We have access to comprehensive analysis and ratings by third parties. These help us monitor the compliance of the companies we have invested in with international codes of practice. When considering an investment, our portfolio manager checks the company's compliance with international norms. If there are serious problems with compliance, we can start to engage, monitor the company or exclude it from our investment options. However, our priority is to improve the company's responsibility performance and to eliminate risks resulting from questionable activities. Screens that rely on external data and analysis, are run regularly in addition to the checks that are done before making a new investments.

## **LEI 01.3** If assets are managed using a combination of ESG incorporation strategies, briefly describe how these combinations are used. [Optional]

First we screen out categorial exclusions from the investment universe. Thereafter from a somewhat reduced universe ESG integration is used when analysing companies for stock selection and portfolio construction.

#### (A) Implementation: Screening



**LEI 04.1** Indicate and describe the type of screening you apply to your internally managed active listed equities.

#### Type of screening

☑ Negative/exclusionary screening

#### Screened by

- ☑ Product
- ☑ Activity
- □ Sector
- □ Country/geographic region
- I Environmental and social practices and performance
- ☑ Corporate governance



#### Description

Product and activity based exclusion. We exclude companies in certain clearly defined business segments from our direct investments. We do not invest in manufacturers of weapons prohibited by international treaties, including nuclear, biological and chemical weapons, cluster munitions and anti-personnel mines. We do not invest in producers of tobacco or producers of cannabis intended for recreational use either. We use external experts for identifying the companies that fall within the above categories. Based on our own analysis, we have excluded mining and power companies whose business is strongly coal-based. We exclude mining companies if coal used for energy production accounts for more than 20 % of their turnover. In the case of electricity companies, we have first calculated the coal-intensity of their electricity production and then more carefully examined the source of the emissions of the most coal-intensive companies.

When it comes to companies' ESG related practice and performance, exclusion can be made if there are serious problems in corporate practice.

Positive/best-in-class screening

#### Screened by

- Product
- □ Activity
- □ Sector
- □ Country/geographic region
- I Environmental and social practices and performance
- Corporate governance

#### Description

We have five funds where there are pre-set requirements on ESG rating. In these cases companies' ratings have to be above a certain level. ESG ratings consist of E, S and G.

☑ Norms-based screening

#### Screened by

- ☑ UN Global Compact Principles
- ☑ The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
- ☑ International Labour Organization Conventions
- ☑ United Nations Convention Against Corruption
- □ OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- □ Other, specify

#### Description

We use information provided by MSCI ESG Research to conduct the screening.



## **LEI 04.2** Describe how you notify clients and/or beneficiaries when changes are made to your screening criteria.

Screening criterion and principles are defined in our ESG policy. If the policy is updated, we will make the new information publicly available.

LEI 05	Mandato	ory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1			
	LEI 05.1	Indicate which processes your analysis.	organisation uses	to ensure ESG screening is base	d on robust			
	Compreh	Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken or sourced to determine companies' activities and products.						
		es are given the opportunity by yo inaccuracies.	ou or your research	n provider to review ESG research	n on them			
		esearch and data used to identification or the internal audit function or		excluded/included is subject to in	ternal audit			
	☑ Third-party ESG ratings are updated regularly to ensure that portfolio holdings comply with fund policies.				d policies.			
	☑ Trading platforms blocking / restricting flagged securities on the black list.							
	□ A committee, body or similar with representatives independent of the individuals who conduct compare research reviews some or all screening decisions.			company				
□ A periodic review of internal research is carried out.								
Review and evaluation of external research providers.								
	□ Other; sp	ecify						
$\Box$ None of the above								
<b>LEI 05.2</b> Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject comprehensive ESG research as part your ESG screening strategy.								
					ct to			
	○ <10%							
	○ 10-50%							

 $\odot$  51-90%

● >90%

**LEI 05.3** Indicate how frequently third party ESG ratings are updated for screening purposes.

• Quarterly or more frequently

 $\bigcirc$  Bi-Annually

 $\bigcirc$  Annually

○ Less frequently than annually

#### LEI 05.5 Additional information. [Optional]

We compare ESG research providers' offerings from time to time for example in terms of quality and universum size. We also supply feedback to the service provider regularly regarding research quality and other issues.

#### (C) Implementation: Integration of ESG factors



LEI 08	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
_				

LEI 08.1

Indicate the proportion of actively managed listed equity portfolios where E, S and G factors are systematically researched as part of your investment analysis.

ESG issues	Proportion impacted by analysis
Environmental	
	Environmental
	○ <10%
	○ 10-50%
	○ 51-90%
	● >90%
Social	
	Social
	○ <10%
	○ 10-50%
	○ 51-90%
	● >90%
Corporate	
Governance	Corporate Governance
	○ <10%
	○ 10-50%
	○ 51-90%
	● >90%

	LEI 09	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
--	--------	-----------	--------	---------------	-------



## **LEI 09.1** Indicate which processes your organisation uses to ensure ESG integration is based on robust analysis.

Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken or sourced to determine companies' activities and products

☑ Companies are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies

- ☑ Third-party ESG ratings are updated regularly
- □ A periodic review of the internal research is carried out

 $\Box$  Structured, regular ESG specific meetings between responsible investment staff and the fund manager or within the investments team

- SG risk profile of a portfolio against benchmark
- □ Analysis of the impact of ESG factors on investment risk and return performance
- □ Other; specify
- □ None of the above

LEI 09.2	Indicate the proportion of your actively managed listed equity portfolio that is subject to comprehensive ESG research as part your integration strategy.
○ <10%	
○ 10-50%	
○ 51-90%	

● >90%

## **LEI 09.3** Indicate how frequently third party ESG ratings that inform your ESG integration strategy are updated.

- Quarterly or more frequently
- Bi-Annually
- $\bigcirc$  Annually
- $\odot$  Less frequently than annually

#### **LEI 09.5** Describe how ESG information is held and used by your portfolio managers.

I ESG information is held within centralised databases or tools, and it is accessible by all relevant staff

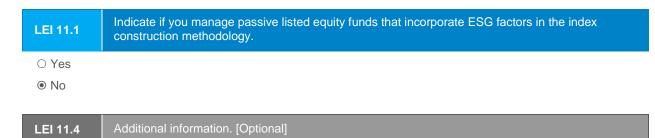
 $\Box$  ESG information or analysis is a standard section or aspect of all company research notes or industry/sector analysis generated by investment staff

 $\hfill\square$  Systematic records are kept that capture how ESG information and research were incorporated into investment decisions

- □ Other; specify
- $\hfill\square$  None of the above

## ESG incorporation in passively managed listed equities LEI 11 Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Public Descriptive PRI 1





We do have two internally managed passive funds that both aim to return the same as the underlying MSCI index although ESG filter and ratings are utilised in the management of the funds. The setting of the question LEI 11.1. is such that only 'no' answer is possible, although our passive strategy incorporates ESG in an advanced way.

MSCI Europe / FIM Passive Europe ESG - although we track normal MSCI index, this passive fund excludes all the same companies we exclude in our active funds. In addition to that, the fund excludes all companies that have MSCI ESG rating below BB. Also, engagement strategy applies ie if there is confirmed violation in international norms, we normally engage the company if not exclude. Also active monitoring is a short term option. After exclusions, we use optimisation to minimise the tracking error to index.

MSCI USA / FIM Passive USA ESG - although we track normal MSCI index, this passive fund excludes all the same companies we exclude in our active funds. In addition to that, the fund excludes all companies that have MSCI ESG rating below BB. Also, engagement strategy applies ie if there is confirmed violation in international norms, we normally engage the company if not exclude. Also active monitoring is a short term option. After exclusions, we use optimisation to minimise the tracking error to index.



## FIM Asset Management

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Direct - Listed Equity Active Ownership** 

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#### New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

Yes

#### **LEA 01.2** Attach or provide a URL to your active ownership policy.

 $\bigcirc$  Attachment provided:

• URL provided:

URL

https://www.fim.com/fi/vastuullisuus-ja-vaikuttavuus/vastuullisuus/

#### LEA 01.3 Indicate what your active engagement policy covers:

#### General approach to Active Ownership

- ☑ Conflicts of interest
- I Alignment with national stewardship code requirements
- I Assets/funds covered by active ownership policy
- $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Expectations and objectives
- ☑ Engagement approach

#### Engagement

☑ ESG issues

☑ Prioritisation of engagement

I Methods of engagement

- ☑ Transparency of engagement activities
- $\hfill\square$  Due diligence and monitoring process
- $\hfill\square$  Insider information
- □ Escalation strategies
- □ Service Provider specific criteria
- □ Other; (specify)
- ☑ (Proxy) voting approach



#### Voting

- ✓ ESG issues
- ☑ Prioritisation and scope of voting activities
- $\hfill\square$  Methods of voting
- $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Transparency of voting activities
- $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Regional voting practice approaches
- $\hfill \square$  Filing or co-filing resolutions
- $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Company dialogue pre/post-vote
- $\hfill\square$  Decision-making processes
- □ Securities lending processes
- $\Box$  Other; (specify)
- □ Other
- $\hfill\square$  None of the above

#### $\bigcirc$ No

LEA 01.4	Do you outsource any of your active ownership activities to service providers?
$\odot$ Yes	
No	
LEA 01.6	Additional information [optional]

Ownership policy was put in practice in 2019 as we started voting in domestic meetings and started several engagement processes.

	Engagement					
LEA	02	Mar	ndatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1,2,3
LEA 02.1 Indicate the method of engagement, giving reasons			t, giving reasons fo	r the interaction.		



Type of engagement	Reason for interaction
Individual / Internal staff engagements	$\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence it) on ESG issues
	□ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management
	□ We do not engage via internal staff
Collaborative engagements	☑ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence it) on ESG issues
	☑ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure
	☑ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management
	□ We do not engage via collaborative engagements
Service provider engagements	$\Box$ To influence corporate practice (or identify the need to influence it) on ESG issues
	□ To encourage improved/increased ESG disclosure
	$\square$ To gain an understanding of ESG strategy and/or management
	☑ We do not engage via service providers

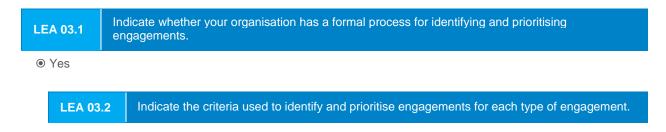
LEA 02.4

dditional information. [Optional

New ownership policy that combines engagement and voting activities was put in practise in 2019.

LEA 03	Mandatory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.



Type of engagement	Criteria used to identify/prioritise engagements
Individual / Internal staff	
engagements	Individual / Internal staff engagements
	□ Geography/market of the companies
	☑ Materiality of the ESG factors
	□ Exposure (size of holdings)
	☑ Responses to ESG impacts that have already occurred
	□ Responses to divestment pressure
	□ Consultation with clients/beneficiaries
	□ Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)
	□ Follow-up from a voting decision
	Client request
	☑ Breaches of international norms
	□ Other; (specify)
	□ We do not outline engagement criteria for our individual engagements
Collaborative engagements	3
	Collaborative engagements
	☑ Potential to enhance knowledge of ESG issues through other investors
	☑ Ability to have greater impact on ESG issues
	□ Ability to add value to the collaboration
	□ Geography/market of the companies targeted by the collaboration
	☑ Materiality of the ESG factors addressed by the collaboration
	□ Exposure (size of holdings) to companies targeted by the collaboration
	□ Responses to ESG impacts addressed by the collaboration that have already occurred
	☑ Responses to divestment pressure
	□ Follow-up from a voting decision
	☑ Alleviate the resource burden of engagement
	□ Consultation with clients/beneficiaries
	□ Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)
	<ul> <li>Consultation with other stakeholders (e.g. NGOs, trade unions, etc.)</li> <li>Other; (specify)</li> </ul>

 $\bigcirc$  No

LEA 04 Mandatory Public Core Assessed PRI 2
---

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.



**LEA 04.1** Indicate whether you define specific objectives for your organisation's engagement activities.

Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>All engagement activities</li> <li>Majority of engagement activities</li> <li>Minority of engagement activities</li> <li>We do not define specific objectives for engagement activities carried out by internal staff</li> </ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>All engagement activities</li> <li>Majority of engagement activities</li> <li>Minority of engagement activities</li> <li>We do not define specific objectives for engagement activities carried out through collaboration</li> </ul>

LEA 05	ľ	Man	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
LE	LEA 05.1		Indicate whether you monitor and/o	r review engageme	ent outcomes.	

Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>Yes, in all cases</li> <li>Yes, in a majority of cases</li> <li>Yes, in a minority of cases</li> <li>We do not monitor, or review engagement outcomes when the engagement is carried out by our internal staff.</li> </ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>Yes, in all cases</li> <li>Yes, in a majority of cases</li> <li>Yes, in a minority of cases</li> <li>We do not monitor, or review engagement outcomes when the engagement is carried out through collaboration.</li> </ul>

LEA 05.2

Indicate whether you do any of the following to monitor and/or review the progress of engagement activities.



Individual / Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>Define timelines/milestones for your objectives</li> <li>Track and/or monitor progress against defined objectives and/or KPIs</li> <li>Track and/or monitor the progress of action taken when original objectives are not met</li> <li>Revisit and, if necessary, revise objectives on a continuous basis</li> <li>Other; specify</li> </ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>Define timelines/milestones for your objectives</li> <li>Track and/or monitor progress against defined objectives and/or KPIs</li> <li>Track and/or monitor the progress of action taken when original objectives are not met</li> <li>Revisit and, if necessary, revise objectives on a continuous basis</li> <li>Other; specify</li> </ul>

LEA 05.3

ditional information. [Optional]

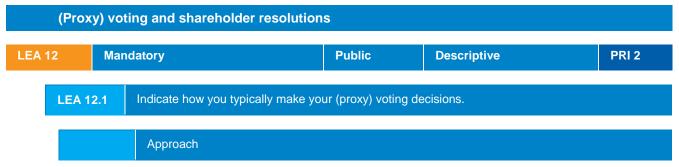
New ownership policy was in place first time in 2019.

LEA (	06	Mand	atory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 2,4			
			Indicate whether your organisatio unsuccessful.	licate whether your organisation has an escalation strategy when engagements are successful.					
Yes									
	ganisation following unsuccessful								
	Collaborating with other investors								
	□ Issuing a public statement								
	□ Filing/submitting a shareholder resolution								
	<ul> <li>Voting against the re-election of the relevant directors</li> <li>Voting against the board of directors or the annual financial report</li> </ul>								
	$\Box$ Submitting nominations for election to the board								
	Seeking legal remedy / litigation								
	□ Reducing exposure (size of holdings)								
	☑ Divestment								
	□ Other; specify								
	○ No								

LEA 08	EA 08 Mandatory		Public	Gateway	PRI 2
LEA 08.1 Indicate whether you		Indicate whether you track the num	ber of your engage	ment activities.	



Type of engagement	Tracking engagements
Individual/Internal staff engagements	<ul> <li>Yes, we track the number of our engagements in full</li> <li>Yes, we partially track the number of our engagements</li> <li>We do not track</li> </ul>
Collaborative engagements	<ul> <li>Yes, we track the number of collaborative engagements in full</li> <li>Yes, we partially track the number of our collaborative engagements</li> <li>We do not track</li> </ul>



• We use our own research or voting team and make voting decisions without the use of service providers.

	Based on
Our ow	n voting policy
$\odot$ Our clie	nts` requests or policies
$\odot$ Other (	explain)
○ We hire serv	ice providers who make voting recommendations and/or provide research that we use to guide

○ We hire service providers who make voting decisions on our behalf, except in some pre-defined scenarios where we review and make voting decisions.

○ We hire service providers who make voting decisions on our behalf.



As our organisation is relatively small, communication during the process is quite simple and the process is controlled by our CIO. CIO controls voting insructions and ensures their alignment with our policy. We may not vote against a resolution if the item appears on the agenda for the first time. However, in these situations we approach the company management and board and let them know our view. We typically give them between one or two years to fix the situaton. Also, sometimes some resolutions that concern small or micro sized companies that are not listed on the stock exchange main list, can be dealt in a different way. But also in these cases, we strongly suggest them to follow typical corporate governance codes.

LEA 15 Mandatory Public Descriptive PRI 2
---

our voting decisions.

LEA 15.1	Indicate the proportion of votes participated in within the reporting year in which where you or the service providers acting on your behalf raised concerns with companies ahead of voting.
○ 100%	
○ 99-75%	
○ 74-50%	
○ 49-25%	
○ 24-1%	
<ul> <li>Neither w</li> </ul>	e nor our service provider(s) raise concerns with companies ahead of voting

# LEA 15.3 Additional information. [Optional]

We participated in Finnish General Annual Meetings in 2019. All items were in line with our ownership policy.

EA 16 Mandatory		Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2	
LEA 1	6.1	Indicate the proportion of votes w communicated the rationale to co recommendations. Indicate this a	mpanies for abstai	ning or voting against manag	
○ 100	○ 100%				
0 99-	75%				
○ 74-	○ 74-50%				
○ 49-	○ 49-25%				
○ 24-	1%				
$\odot$ We	e do no	t communicate the rationale to com	panies		
	t applic nmenda	able because we and/or our service	e providers did not	abstain or vote against mana	igement

LEA	EA 17 Mandatory		Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2	
	<b>LEA 17.1</b> For listed equities in which you or you instructions, indicate the percentage					xy) voting
	● We	do tra	ck or collect this information			





# Specify the basis on which this percentage is calculated

 $\odot$  Of the total number of ballot items on which you could have issued instructions

 $\odot$  Of the total number of company meetings at which you could have voted

 $\odot$  Of the total value of your listed equity holdings on which you could have voted

 $\bigcirc$  We do not track or collect this information

# LEA 17.2 Explain your reason(s) for not voting on certain holdings

□ Shares were blocked

 $\hfill\square$  Notice, ballots or materials not received on time

☐ Missed deadline

Geographical restrictions (non-home market)

Cost

 $\hfill\square$  Conflicts of interest

 $\hfill\square$  Holdings deemed too small

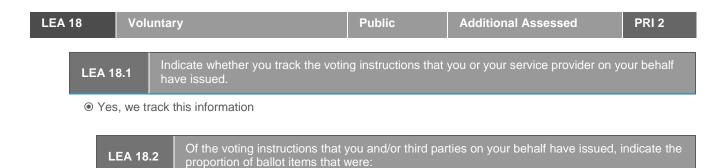
 $\Box$  Administrative impediments (e.g., power of attorney requirements, ineligibility due to participation in share placement)

□ Client request

 $\Box$  Other (explain)

LEA 17.3 Additional information. [Optional]

We do participate AGMs mainly in domestic markets currently.







Voting instructions	Breakdown as percentage of votes cast
For (supporting) management recommendations	% 100
Against (opposing) management recommendations	0
Abstentions	0

100%

 $\bigcirc$  No, we do not track this information

LEA 18.4 Additional information. [Optional]

Our voting report is publicly available on our website.

LEA '	19 Mandatory		datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
	LEA 1	9.1	Indicate whether your organisation	has a formal escala	ation strategy following unsucces	sful voting.
	Yes	3				
	$\odot  \mathrm{No}$					
	<b>LEA 19.2</b> Indicate the escalation strateg		Indicate the escalation strategies us against management.	sed at your organis	ation following abstentions and/o	r votes
	☑ Contacting the company's board					
	☑ Cor	ntacting	g the company's senior management			
	🗆 Issu	uing a l	public statement explaining the ration	ale		
	🗹 Initi	ating ir	ndividual/collaborative engagement			
	🗆 Dire	ecting	service providers to engage			
	Reducing exposure (holdings) / divestment					
	□ Oth	er				
1						
	LEA 1	9.3	Additional information. [Optional]			

Basically there is a contact with the company before voting against management. We follow-up the item also next year.



LEA 20 Voluntary		untary	Public	Descriptive	PRI 2
LEA 2	20.1	Indicate whether your organisation, shareholder resolutions during the r		a service provider, filed or co-f	iled any ESG
⊖ Ye	S				
No					



# FIM Asset Management

**Reported Information** 

Public version

**Direct - Fixed Income** 

# **PRI disclaimer**

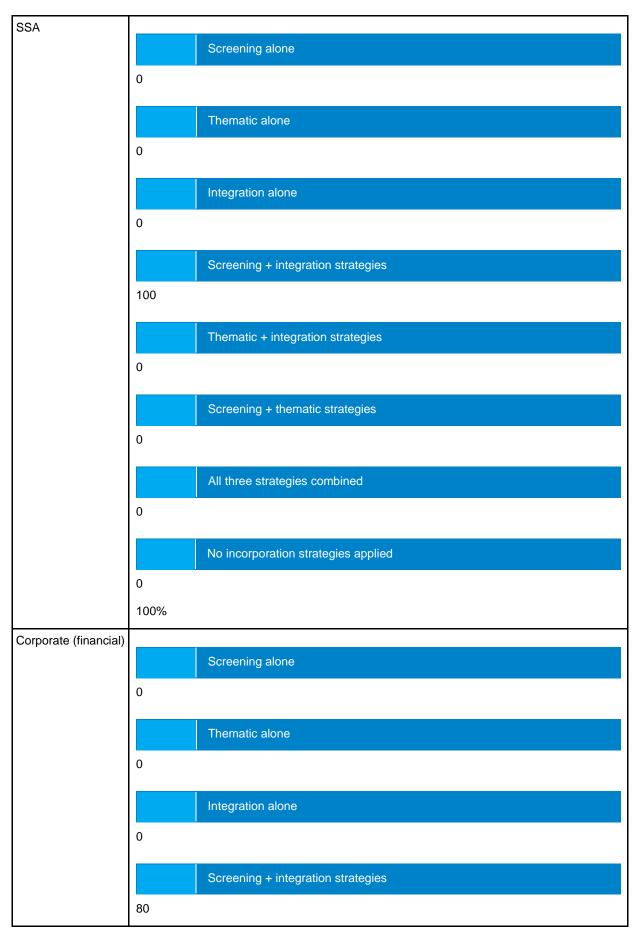
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# ESG incorporation in actively managed fixed income

Implementation processes								
FI 01		Manda	atory	Public	Gateway	PRI 1		
FI 01.1		1.1	Indicate (1) Which ESG incorpora actively managed fixed income in managed fixed income investmen	vestments; and (2)	) The proportion (+/- 5%) of your t			

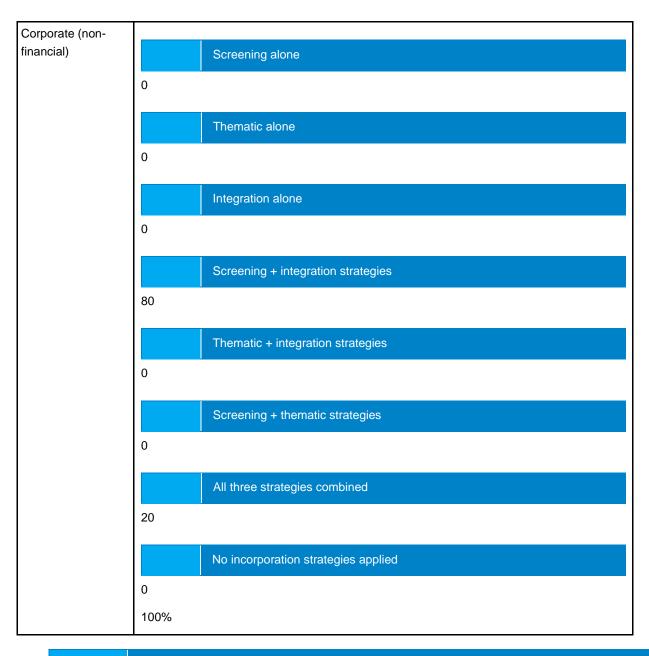






	Thematic + integration strategies
0	
	Screening + thematic strategies
0	- Coreening + thematic strategies
	All three strategies combined
20	An three strategies combined
	No incorrection strategies applied
0	No incorporation strategies applied
100%	





# FI 01.2

Describe your reasons for choosing a particular ESG incorporation strategy and how combinations of strategies are used.

We consider responsible investing as a part of our fiduciary duty. Responsibility assessment can provide information on the risks and opportunities that could potentially affect the company's financial performance in the future, for example, through changes in sales or expenses. These impacts can be triggered by, among other things, changes in legislation or consumption habits that result from a phenomenon or activity associate with responsibility.

Following the identification of substantial ESG issues, the purpose of ESG integration is to assess a company's ability to take into consideration the risks and opportunities associated with these and to assess whether the price of the company's securities reflect these factors. Portfolio managers are supported in ESG integration by highquality ESG assessments and ratings produced by third parties. In addition to assessments carried out by third parties, our country analysis utilises country-specific ESG factors included in our own country-risk model.

Some portfolios include themed investments like green bonds.

Screening is part of the process and excluded companies are taken away from the investment universe. We are interested in the performance of our investments in terms of initiatives and principles concerning general international business practices and responsibility-related norms, like for example, the UN Global Compact.



FI 03 Mar		Mandatory		Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1
FI 0		3.1	Indicate how you ensure that you	Ir ESG research pr	ocess is robust:	

□ Comprehensive ESG research is undertaken internally to determine companies' activities; and products and/or services

 $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Issuers are given the opportunity by you or your research provider to review ESG research on them and correct inaccuracies

☑ Issuer information and/or ESG ratings are updated regularly to ensure ESG research is accurate

□ Internal audits and regular reviews of ESG research are undertaken in a systematic way.

□ A materiality/sustainability framework is created and regularly updated that includes all the key ESG risks and opportunities for each sector/country.

☑ Other, specify

## specify description

Conclusions of the research provider are continuously challenged internally among fund managers. Feedback is given to research provider to improve the quality of the research.

□ None of the above

# **FI 03.2** Describe how your ESG information or analysis is shared among your investment team.

arnothing ESG information is held within a centralised database and is accessible to all investment staff

□ ESG information is displayed on front office research platforms

 $\Box$  ESG information is a standard item on all individual issuer summaries, research notes, 'tear sheets', or similar documents

 $\boxdot$  Investment staff are required to discuss ESG information on issuers as a standard item during investment committee meetings

□ Records capture how ESG information and research was incorporated into investment decisions

□ Other, specify

 $\hfill\square$  None of the above

# (A) Implementation: Screening FI 04 Mandatory Public Gateway PRI 1 FI 04.1 Indicate the type of screening you conduct. Indicate the type of screening you conduct. Image: Screening you conduct.

Select all that apply



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)	
	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Negative/exclusionary screening				
		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Positive/best-in-class screening				
	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Norms-based screening				

FI 04.2

Describe your approach to screening for internally managed active fixed income

Screening doesn't differ too much between internally managed equity and fixed income asset classes. We screen corporate issuers for both exclusion strategy that covers all internal investments and do norms-based screening. Latter is based on external service provider's analysis and classification, whereas the former is based on our internal exclusion list. However, majority of the items on the exclusion list are on the list because of the business involvement screening done by the ESG research provider. In SSA category, we run internal screening that ranks lowest scoring countries off from the investment universe. The scoring incorporates factors that relate to countries' social issues, among other things. Agencies and supranationals are subject to norm based screening.

FI 06	Manda	atory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
FI 0	6.1	Indicate which systems your orga		sure that fund screening criteria a	re not



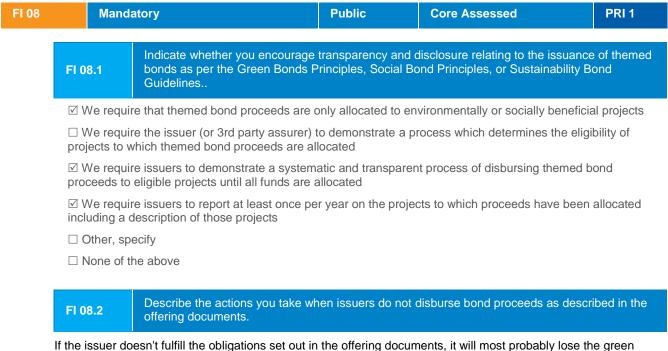
Type of screening	Checks
	☑ Analysis is performed to ensure that issuers meet screening criteria
Negative/exclusionary screening	☑ We ensure that data used for the screening criteria is updated at least once a year.
	☑ Automated IT systems prevent our portfolio managers from investing in excluded issuers or bonds that do not meet screening criteria
	□ Audits of fund holdings are undertaken yearly by internal audit or compliance functions
	☑ Other, specify
	other description
	ESG reports are generated and checked to ensure there are only issuers that comply with our screening criteria.
	□ None of the above
	☑ Analysis is performed to ensure that issuers meet screening criteria
Positive/best-in-class screening	$\ensuremath{\boxdot}$ We ensure that data used for the screening criteria is updated at least once a year.
	□ Automated IT systems prevent our portfolio managers from investing in excluded issuers or bonds that do not meet screening criteria
	$\hfill\square$ Audits of fund holdings are undertaken yearly by internal audit or compliance functions
	□ Other, specify
	□ None of the above
	☑ Analysis is performed to ensure that issuers meet screening criteria
Norms-based screening	$\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ We ensure that data used for the screening criteria is updated at least once a year.
	□ Automated IT systems prevent our portfolio managers from investing in excluded issuers or bonds that do not meet screening criteria
	$\hfill\square$ Audits of fund holdings are undertaken yearly by internal audit or compliance functions
	☑ Other, specify
	other description
	ESG reports are generated and checked to ensure there are only issuers that comply with our screening criteria.
	□ None of the above

(B) Implementation: Thematic						
FI 07	Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1		





Thematic fixed income investing is concentrated in a mutual fund that invests in greenbonds. We use MSCI ESG Research's definition of greenbonds. The evaluation is based on green bond principles, but has some variations to that. Currently the fund invests at least 50% of it's capital to greenbonds and the amount will probably increase over time as the greenbond market grows further. Also, currently the issuers are not spread evenly between sectors. That causes some limitations as the investment universe is somehow skewed.



bond status the third party we use had given to the bond. In this case the bond will be sold from the portfolio.

FI 09	Mandatory	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1



#### FI 09.1 Indicate how you assess the environmental or social impact of your thematic investments.

If We require issuers to report at least once per year on specific environmental or social impacts resulting from our themed investments

We ensure independent audits are conducted on the environmental or social impact of our investments

□ We have a proprietary system to measure environmental and social impact

□ We measure the impact of our themed bond investments on specific ESG factors such as carbon emissions or human rights

□ Other, specify

□ None of the above

#### FI 09.2 Additional information. [Optional]

The reporting requirement is part of the green bond classification criteria we use. This is where the requirement comes from.

## (C) Implementation: Integration **FI 10** Mandatory **Public** Descriptive PRI 1 FI 10.1

# Describe your approach to integrating ESG into traditional financial analysis.

We consider ESG because we think we can increase financial return and / or improve risk-return ratio by integrating ESG. We find responsibility as a competition factor for companies. RI staff has planned the integration process and made sure all the relavant tools are available for fund managers. Integrating ESG into traditional analysis starts with idenfication of relevant ESG risks and opportunities. Once the identification is done, we try to estimate how the company in question is prepared to take advantage of the opportunities and how the company is prepared to face the risks. Company's strategy and / or risk management processes can shed more light on the company's capability to tackle the negative issues and profit from the opportunities. Once the analysis is done, we try to estimate what consequences these might have on for example the costs and revenue. Also, depending on the financial health of the company in question, further analysis can be done on the balance sheet and capital structure etc. In many ways ESG consideration can be said to be more relevant if a company's financial health is poor, as such companies have less opportunities to cope with downside risks.



In sovereign space we have a proprietary model that ranks countries according to several data points. ESG related data points constitute one-third of the weight in the model. This information, in addition to countries' ESG ratings are being used in investment decision.



Corporate (financial)

When analysing financial sector's fixed income securities from ESG point of view, there is quite often information asymmetry present. Due to the nature of banks' business, like bank secrecry, complicated financial structures, off-balance sheet items and possibly large loanbook pose challenges the evaluation of banks. What can be done in analysing banks is to consider if they operate in geographical areas where there are elevated risks for money loundering and corruption. Also, as banks loan books can be large, it is important for us to be able to evaluate ESG risks that are actually in their loan books.

# Corporate (non-financial)

ESG integration approach in corporate (non-financial) fixed income securities is very similar to the one done in equity side. Integrating ESG into traditional analysis starts with idenfication of relevant ESG risks and opportunities. Once the identification is done, we try to estimate how the company in question is prepared to take advantage of the opportunities and how the company is prepared to face the risks. Company's strategy and / or risk management processes can shed more light on the company's capability to tackle the negative issues and profit from the opportunities. Once the analysis is done, we try to estimate what consequences these might have on for example the costs and revenue. Also, depending on the financial health of the company in question, further analysis can be done on the balance sheet and capital structure etc. In many ways ESG consideration can be said to be more relevant if a company's financial health is poor, as such companies have less opportunities to cope with downside risks.

FI 11	Manda	atory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 1
F	FI 11.1	Indicate how ESG information is	typically used as pa	art of your investment process.	

Select all that apply



	SSA	Corporate (financial)	Corporate (non-financial)
ESG analysis is integrated into fundamental analysis	V	$\checkmark$	
ESG analysis is used to adjust the internal credit asse issuers.	ssments of	V	V
ESG analysis is used to adjust forecasted financials at cash flow estimates.	nd future		
ESG analysis impacts the ranking of an issuer relative peer group.	to a chosen	V	V
An issuer's ESG bond spreads and its relative value v sector peers are analysed to find out if all risks are prior			V
The impact of ESG analysis on bonds of an issuer with durations/maturities are analysed.	n different		
Sensitivity analysis and scenario analysis are applied to models to compare the difference between base-case integrated security valuation.	to valuation and ESG-		
ESG analysis is integrated into portfolio weighting dec	isions.	V	
Companies, sectors, countries and currency and moni changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk lim			
The ESG profile of portfolios is examined for securities with high ESG risks and assessed relative to the ESG profile of a benchmark.			
Other, specify in Additional Information			
I 12 Mandatory	Public	Additional Ass	essed PRI 1

FI 12.1

Indicate the extent to which ESG issues are reviewed in your integration process.



	Environment	Social	Governance
SSA	Environmental	Social	Governance
	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>
	○ Occasionally	○ Occasionally	○ Occasionally
	$\odot$ Not at all	$\odot$ Not at all	$\odot$ Not at all
Corporate (financial)	Environmental	Social	Governance
(initialitional)	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>
	○ Occasionally	○ Occasionally	O Occasionally
	$\odot$ Not at all	$\bigcirc$ Not at all	$\bigcirc$ Not at all
Corporate (non-	Environmental	Social	Governance
financial)	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically</li> </ul>
	○ Occasionally	○ Occasionally	○ Occasionally
	○ Not at all	○ Not at all	$\bigcirc$ Not at all



Please provide more detail on how you review E, S and/or G factors in your integration process.

SSA

In Sovereign space we do have country ESG ratings availbale for portfolio managers. These ratings are used in combination with our internal country risk model that has about one-third weight on ESG related inputs.

Corporate (financial)

In general, first step is to identify relevant ESG factors in each case. This is done with the help of external ESG research and portfolio managers' own knowledge on companies, countries and critical issues. After identifying relevant issues, it is the duty of fund managers to analyse how these factors might affect companies in question. In climate change related issues, portfolio managers are analysing how climate change affects companies and if this effect is already reflected in the price of a bond. We started to use TCFD framework as a tool for more systematic evaluation in 2019.

## Corporate (non-financial)

In general, first step is to identify relevant ESG factors in each case. This is done with the help of external ESG research and portfolio managers' own knowledge on companies, countries and critical issues. After identifying relevant issues, it is the duty of fund managers to analyse how these factors might affect companies in question. In climate change related issues, portfolio managers are analysing how climate cange affects companies and if this effect is already reflected in the price of a bond. We started to use TCFD framework as a tool for more systematic evaluation in 2019.

# FIM Asset Management

**Reported Information** 

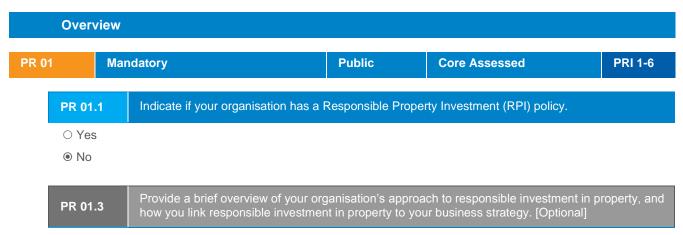
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**Direct - Property** 

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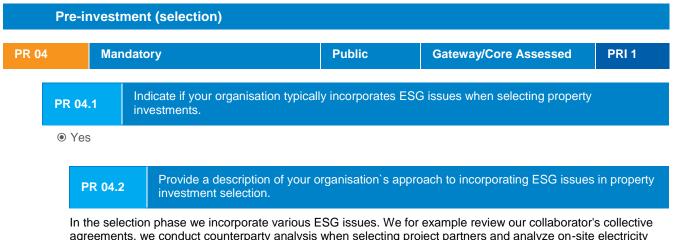




We have started a sustainability development programme on our property investments. As part of the programme we will introduce responsibility guidelines also for property investments. The guidelines will be integrated into our main responsility investment policy. We have, however, published property investments' first sustainability report this spring.



○ Not applicable as our organisation does not fundraise



In the selection phase we incorporate various ESG issues. We for example review our collaborator's collective agreements, we conduct counterparty analysis when selecting project partners and analyze on-site electricity generation possibilities such as solar power and wind power. We also analyse and implement alternative low carbon heating methods at the investment stage. Other viewpoints in the selection process are good public transport connections and recycling possibilities.



# PR 04.3

Indicate which E, S and/or G issues are typically considered by your organisation in the property investment selection process, and list up to three examples per issue.

#### ☑ Environmental

## Environmental example 1, select one

- $\hfill\square$  Climate change adaptation
- $\Box$  Contamination
- ☑ Energy efficiency
- □ Energy supply, Flooding, GHG emissions
- □ Indoor environmental quality
- Natural hazards
- □ Resilience
- □ Transportation
- □ Water efficiency
- $\square$  Waste management
- □ Water supply
- $\Box$  Other
- □ Other
- □ Flooding
- □ GHG emissions

#### Environmental example 1, description

About 50 percent of our properties use electricity produced solely by water energy.

#### Environmental example 2, select one

- □ Climate change adaptation
- $\hfill\square$  Contamination
- □ Energy efficiency
- □ Energy supply, Flooding, GHG emissions
- □ Indoor environmental quality
- Natural hazards
- □ Resilience
- □ Transportation
- ☑ Water efficiency
- □ Waste management
- Water supply
- □ Other
- □ Other
- □ Flooding
- □ GHG emissions



About 50 percent of our properties have been equipped with a water leakage monitor system and water saving shower heads.

Environmental example 3, select one				
□ Climate change adaptation				
Contamination				
Energy efficiency				
Energy supply, Flooding, GHG emissions				
□ Indoor environmental quality				
Natural hazards				
✓ Transportation				
□ Water efficiency				
□ Waste management				
□ Water supply				
□ Other				
□ Other				
□ GHG emissions				

When selecting properties, one of the major criteria is location in the meaning of access to good public transportation system.

☑ Social

## Social example 1, select one

- □ Building safety and materials
- ☑ Health, safety and wellbeing
- □ Socio-economic
- □ Accessibility
- □ Affordable Housing
- Occupier Satisfaction
- □ Other
- □ Other
- □ Other

# Social example 1, description [OPTIONAL]

As the properties are new a state of the art air quality system has been put in place.



#### Social example 2, select one

- □ Building safety and materials
- $\hfill\square$  Health, Safety and wellbeing
- $\Box$  Socio-economic
- $\Box$  Accessibility
- □ Affordable Housing
- Occupier Satisfaction
- □ Other
- □ Other
- □ Other

#### Social example 2, description [OPTIONAL]

We conduct occupier satisfaction queries on a regular basis. In case of negative issues, actions will be taken.

#### Social example 3, select one

- I Building safety and materials
- □ Health, Safety and wellbeing
- □ Socio-economic
- □ Accessibility
- □ Affordable Housing
- $\hfill\square$  Occupier Satisfaction
- □ Other
- $\Box$  Other
- $\Box$  Other

#### Social example 3, description [OPTIONAL]

At the beginning of a project, we ask the builder to provide a recycling plan for the project. When the project has been finished, we ask the builder to provide figures of waste generated.

Governance



## Governance example 1, select one

- □ Anti-bribery & corruption
- □ Board structure
- □ Conflicts of interest
- □ Governance structure
- □ Regulatory
- □ Shareholder structure & rights
- $\Box$  Supply chain governance
- ☑ Other
- □ Other
- □ Other

#### Governance example 1, description

We conduct a counterparty analysis when selecting project partners. As part of the analysis, ESG issues are considered. Issues can be related for example to taxation and ownership structure. All of our counterparties are major Finnish or Swedish construction companies with long operating history and solid operating procedures as a majority of them are publicly listed companies.

#### Governance example 2, select one

- □ Anti-bribery & corruption
- □ Board structure
- □ Conflicts of interest
- □ Governance structure
- □ Regulatory
- □ Shareholder structure & rights
- $\Box$  Supply chain governance
- □ Other
- □ Other
- □ Other



#### Governance example 3, select one

- □ Anti-bribery & corruption
- $\Box$  Board structure
- □ Conflicts of interest
- $\hfill\square$  Governance structure
- □ Regulatory
- □ Shareholder structure & rights
- □ Supply chain governance
- □ Other
- □ Other
- □ Other

 $\bigcirc$  No

5	Mandatory		Public	Core Assessed	PRI
PR 0	6.1 Indicate if E year.	ESG issues impacted y	our property inve/	stment selection process during	g the reportir
ΜE	SG issues helped ide	ntify risks and/or oppor	rtunities for value	creation	
ΠE	SG issues led to the a	abandonment of potent	tial investments		
	SG issues impacted t	he investment in terms	s of price offered a	and/or paid	
	SG issues impacted t	he terms in the shareh	older/purchase a	greements and/or lending cove	nants
	SG issues were consi	dered but did not have	e an impact on the	e investment selection process	
□ 0	ther, specify				
□ N	ot applicable, our orga	anisation did not select	t any investments	in the reporting year	
$\square$ M	e do not track this po	tential impact			
	e do not track this po	tential impact			
	Indicate ho	w ESG issues impacte	ed your property in	nvestment deal structuring proc	esses during
PR 0	6.2 Indicate ho reporting ye	w ESG issues impacte			esses during
PR 0	6.2 Indicate ho reporting years	w ESG issues impacte ear. he investment in terms	s of price offered a		
PR 0	6.2 Indicate ho reporting ye GG issues impacted the GG issues impacted the	w ESG issues impacte ear. he investment in terms he terms in the shareh	s of price offered a older/purchase a	and/or paid	
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PR 0 □ E □ E □ C □ O □ N	6.2 Indicate ho reporting ye GG issues impacted th GG issues impacted th GG issues were consister, specify of applicable, our organ	w ESG issues impacte ear. he investment in terms he terms in the shareh dered but did not have anisation did not select	s of price offered a older/purchase a e an impact on the	and/or paid greements and/or lending cove e deal structuring process	

Renewable energy creation potential is typically considered as an added benefit when doing investment calculations.

Selection, appointment and monitoring third-party property managers





monitoring of third party property managers.

☑ Selection process of property managers incorporated ESG issues

Types of actions

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Request explanation of how ESG is effectively integrated, including inquiries about governance and processes

 $\hfill\square$  Request track records and examples of how the manager implements ESG in their asset and property management

- $\square$  Discuss property level out-performance opportunities through greater integration of ESG criteria
- □ Request explanation of engaging stakeholders on ESG issues
- □ Other, explain

# Coverage

- >75% to 100%
- $\odot$  >50% to 75%
- $\odot$  <50%

PR 07.2

 $\hfill\square$  Contractual requirements when appointing property managers includes ESG issues

 $\hfill\square$  Monitoring of property managers covers ESG responsibilities and implementation

 $\bigcirc$  No

PR 07.3

Provide a brief description of your organisations selection, appointment and monitoring of third party property managers and how they contribute to the management of ESG issues for your property investments.

We have worked with the same service provider for many years. In recent years we have demanded more ESG related actions and viewpoints from the provider. Some examples include information on maintenance costs, waste and energy management capabilities and data for the generation of waste and energy. We have regular meetings with the service provider where we discuss these issues.

# Post-investment (monitoring and active ownership)

Over	view			
PR 08	Mandatory	Public	Gateway	PRI 2



# PR 08.1

Indicate if your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in postinvestment activities relating to your property assets.

Yes

# **PR 08.2** Indicate whether your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in the following post-investment activities relating to your property assets.

☑ We consider ESG issues in property monitoring and management

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  We consider ESG issues in property developments and major renovations.

 $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  We consider ESG issues in property occupier engagements

U We consider ESG issues in community engagements related to our properties

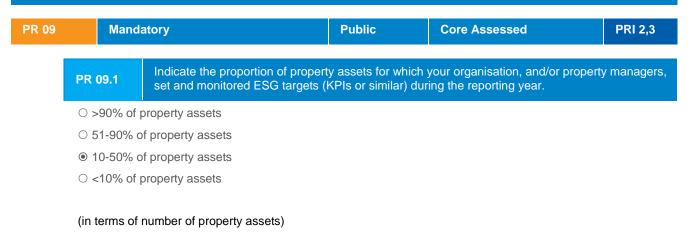
□ We consider ESG issues in other post-investment activities, specify

**PR 08.3** Describe how your organisation, and/or property managers, considers ESG issues in postinvestment activities related to your property assets.

When the property is up and running, several ESG related issues are measured and monitored. Issues include, but are not limited to, electricity, heat energy and waste generation. In 2019 we participated in a energy conservation theme week organised by a state owned company called Motiva. As part of the week, we encouraged tenants to consider their energy usage.

 $\bigcirc$  No

## Property monitoring and management



# PR 09.2 Indicate which ESG targets your organisation and/or property managers typically set and monitor

Environmental

PRI Principles for Responsible Investment

Target/KPI	Progress Achieved
Use of electricity and heat energy per cubic meter.	https://dokumentit.s-pankki.fi/tiedostot/kiinteistorahastojen-vastuullisen- sijoittamisen-raportti-2019
Usage of water per cubic meter Percentage of waste reused	https://dokumentit.s-pankki.fi/tiedostot/kiinteistorahastojen-vastuullisen- sijoittamisen-raportti-2019
	https://dokumentit.s-pankki.fi/tiedostot/kiinteistorahastojen-vastuullisen- sijoittamisen-raportti-2019

☑ Social

Target/KPI	Progress Achieved
Tenant satisfaction	Not disclosed publicly

# □ Governance

 $\hfill\square$  We do not set and/or monitor against targets

11	Mano	datory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2		
	PR 11.1Indicate the proportion of active property developments and major renovations where ESG issues have been considered.						
	● >90% of	active developments and major ren	ovations				
	$\odot$ 51-90% of active developments and major renovations						
	○ 10-50% of active developments and major renovations						
	$\bigcirc$ <10% of active developments and major renovations $\bigcirc$ N/A, no developments and major renovations of property assets are active						

(by number of active property developments and refurbishments)



# PR 11.2

# Indicate if the following ESG considerations are typically implemented and monitored in your property developments and major renovations.

- □ Environmental site selection requirements
- □ Environmental site development requirements
- □ Sustainable construction materials
- ☑ Water efficiency requirements
- ☑ Energy efficiency requirements
- ☑ Energy generation from on-site renewable sources
- ☑ Waste management plans at sites
- I Health and safety management systems at sites
- I Health and wellbeing of residents
- Construction contractors comply with sustainability guidelines
- □ Resilient building design and orientation
- □ Other, specify

## Occupier engagement

PR 12	Manda	atory	Public	Core Assessed	PRI 2
PR	12.1	Indicate the proportion of property engaged with on ESG issues dur			managers,

 $\odot$  >90% of occupiers

- $\odot$  50-90% of occupiers
- 10-50% of occupiers
- $\odot$  <10% of occupiers

## (in terms of number of occupiers)



- □ Distribute a sustainability guide to occupiers
- □ Organise occupier events focused on increasing sustainability awareness
- ☑ Deliver training on energy and water efficiency
- □ Deliver training on waste minimisation
- □ Provide feedback on energy and water consumption and/or waste generation
- □ Provide feedback on waste generation
- ☑ Carry out occupier satisfaction surveys
- $\hfill\square$  Health and wellbeing of residents
- □ Offer green leases
- □ Other, specify



# FIM Asset Management

# **Reported Information**

Public version

Confidence building measures

# **PRI** disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



<i>I</i> 1 01	Mar	ndatory	Public	Additional Assessed	General		
CM1	01.1	Indicate whether the rep year has undergone:	orted information you have	e provided for your PRI Transpare	ency Report this		
🗆 Th	ird part	y assurance over selected	responses from this year's	s PRI Transparency Report			
		y assurance over data poir nis year	nts from other sources that	t have subsequently been used in	your PRI		
	□ Third party assurance or audit of the correct implementation of RI processes (that have been reported to the PRI this year)						
	□ Internal audit of the correct implementation of RI processes and/or accuracy of RI data (that have been reported to the PRI this year)						
⊠ Int	ernal v	erification of responses bef	ore submission to the PRI	(e.g. by the CEO or the board)			
	● Who	le PRI Transparency Repo	rt has been internally verif	fied			
	⊖ Sele	cted data has been interna	lly verified				
⊠ Ot	her, sp	ecify					
		ransparency report has bee roperty investments.	en internally verified by the	e head of equities, head of fixed in	come and		
	one of t	he above					

The PRI transparency report has been internally verified by the EVP, Head of Wealth Management. In addition head of equities, head of fixed income and head of property investments have verified their sections.

CM1 02	Ma	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General	
CM1	CM1 02.1 We undertook third party assurance on last year's PRI Transparency Report					
○ WI	<ul> <li>Whole PRI Transparency Report was assured last year</li> </ul>					
⊖ Se	<ul> <li>Selected data was assured in last year's PRI Transparency Report</li> </ul>					
• We	We did not assure last year's PRI Transparency report					
0 Nc	$\odot$ None of the above, we were in our preparation year and did not report last year.					

		CM1 03	Mandatory	Public	Descriptive	General
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# **CM1 03.1** We undertake confidence building measures that are unspecific to the data contained in our PRI Transparency Report:

□ We adhere to an RI certification or labelling scheme

□ We carry out independent/third party assurance over a whole public report (such as a sustainability report) extracts of which are included in this year's PRI Transparency Report

□ ESG audit of holdings

 $\hfill\square$  Other, specify

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  None of the above

CM1 04	Mandatory	Public	Descriptive	General

CM1 04.1 Do you plan to conduct third party assurance of this year's PRI Transparency report?

O Whole PRI Transparency Report will be assured

 $\odot$  Selected data will be assured

• We do not plan to assure this year's PRI Transparency report

CM1 07	Mar	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	General
CM1 07.1 Indicate who has reviewed/verified i			e - or selected data of the - PRI T cify what data was reviewed	ransparency	

## Who has conducted the verification

CEO or other Chief-Level staff

## Sign-off or review of responses

□ Sign-off

☑ Review of responses

- □ The Board
- □ Investment Committee
- □ Compliance Function
- RI/ESG Team
- ☑ Investment Teams
- Legal Department
- □ Other (specify)

## CM1 07.2 Additional information [OPTIONAL]

C-level staff refers to EVP, Head of Wealth Management. Member of board, FIM Asset Management.

